

CUPID IS READY TO DROP OUT

Home Rulers May Have to Choose Again.

(From Monday's daily.)

JONAH KALANIANAOLE does not want to run for the lower house of the Legislature on the Home Rule ticket, according to friends to whom he has communicated his purpose since his return from Hilo. It was very soon after he got into the city that he made up his mind he would not make the race, but he has made no other than an unofficial announcement so far. Last night an attempt was made to talk with Mr. Kalaniana'ole, but although he was at home he refused to answer a question.

Among the Home Rulers the refusal of Mr. Kalaniana'ole was made the subject of some conversation at the drill shed meeting last evening, where it was seen that he, though present, did not take any conspicuous part in the proceedings, as might have been expected of the chairman of the committee which made the arrangements for the gathering. From a source near to the Prince it is learned that he has made up his mind that it would be impolitic for him to run at this time. His real reasons, he has said to several persons, would be made known when the committee meets the next time for the purpose of considering general business.

Should this decision of Mr. Kalaniana'ole be final, and there are many who believe that he will reconsider when the matter is pressed upon him, there will be pillkiala, for it is admitted that there is not such another candidate in the ranks of the Home Rulers. Some of the members believe that they can win with Mr. Kalaniana'ole, which is more than they could expect with any other man in their party. It was for this purpose that he was named, and should he fail to listen to the voice of the majority Thursday evening, there will be a hole in the Home Rule slate which will be hard to fill.

There have been rumors of dissatisfaction within the committee for the past week, but whether or not these might be responsible for the decision, as it has been reached by Mr. Kalaniana'ole, cannot be said. He has declared often that he is for conservative action; for the protection of the interests of the planters and for the making of a majority party the one which shall stand for the advancement of the business interests of the Territory. There was a hot fight in the committee recently over the very expression of the resolutions passed Saturday evening as to Chinese labor, and the nominee led the contest to declare that the Home Rulers favored the admission of Chinese for field labor, for regulation and restriction, not for exclusion.

There will be a large meeting of the Home Rule Committee Thursday evening for the purpose of hearing the reasons why their candidate will not make the race. There is realized to be a crisis, for there will be placed in the platform upon which the Home Ruler will run in the event of the special election, a declaration for an extra session and city and county government, and it is thought that a victory for the Home Rulers under such circumstances would compel the Governor to call the session.

Members of the committee said last evening that they would endeavor to make it necessary for the nominee to make the race, and that there was not a single man in sight who could hope to win, other than Mr. Kalaniana'ole, so there would be no declination permitted. None of the personal friends of the nominee would answer any questions last evening.

HOME RULERS MASS MEETING

BUT FOR the fact that there was no vote called upon the resolutions to ratify the message of the President of the United States, and the chairman announced that they were passed without that formality, the mass meeting of the Home Rulers, Saturday evening at the drill shed went off according to announcement. There was a plenty of oratory, some three parties being represented upon the platform, and but for the fact that the audience was not there, as expected, there was no variation from the programme.

Without belittling the crowd at all, there were not more than four hundred people within the hall at any time during the evening, and when the time for the taking of the vote arrived there were by actual count 143, and the closing of the meeting came with a rout of these, cheering for Home Rule while getting out of the house. There was the customary dragging of the meeting where the remarks had to be trans-

lated into Hawaiian, and in fact of this there was no use, for the gathering was to a large percentage made up of others than Hawaiians, and it would have added to the go of the meeting had there been only the translations of speeches in the vernacular.

There were few addresses which called for any enthusiasm, and the list was so long that many of the hearers deserted the hall for the theater during the evening. The best speeches of the evening were those of Stewart and Kanuha, while the longest was that of an engineer, Tappan-Tannatt, a former officer in the engineer corps who came here some three years ago.

The most humorous happening of the evening was the move of about 250 people for the doors during the address of Stewart. The speech was the best of the evening, and the translation was being made by Fred Beckley, who seemed to enter into the spirit of the occasion. But very soon after the speaker began there began an exodus. Then Stewart took the matter in his own hands and with the remark that the people present seemed to have the advantage in that they could understand both languages, he spoke without that interruption of an interpreter, and held the small audience which remained to the end.

Of the speakers in Hawaiian J. Kanui, the aged lawyer, was easily the first, and his ringing words were freely translated into English and aroused much enthusiasm. There was considerable applause when he said by accepting Republicanism they had accepted Americanism, but that it must be remembered that the Hawaiians are Home Rulers. John Bush said in Hawaiian that the people must beware of carpet baggers, but when he came to make his remarks in English he dropped this phase of the question. He was just as rapid upon the matter of Chinese as was Tappan-Tannatt.

When the meeting was called to order there were about 300 people in the drill shed. Judge Kanui called the people to order and presented as the permanent chairman of the meeting Senator Kalaupokalani. He set forth the objects of the meeting in a few words, and said also that he laid great stress upon the matter of the expression which was to be made in regard to the labor question. He asked for a careful consideration of the addresses and resolutions and then asked John Emmeluth to read letters of regret.

Emmeluth read letters from Gov. Dole, Secretary Cooper, Treasurer Wright and Superintendent of Public Works Boyd. When this was done he called for addresses by Tappan-Tannatt and Bush, after which Emmeluth again read letters of regret, the second batch including those from Judge M. M. Estee, Chief Justice Frear, Associate Justice Perry, Circuit Judge Humphreys, Circuit Judge Little, T. J. Ryan, American Settlers' Association, Senator Russell and S. E. Kalua. The letters were of varying tones. Most of them pleaded other engagements, some expressed sympathy with the objects of the meeting and others made a speech on paper. Humphreys declared that certain matters over which he had no control rendered it impossible for him to address the meeting, but that he would "be present at and a part of the meeting in every sense of the word."

Senator Russell opined that it was to the legislature that the United States looked for the country to secure its relief from the "sugarocracy," and hoped there would be a declaration for a law which would permit the throwing out of a legislator who worked for selfish or friendly interests. Ryan was out for county government and declared it was the foundation for American systems.

Former Second Lieutenant of Engineers Tappan-Tannatt was the first speaker of the evening, and he went at his subject at length. He lauded the Governor's position, when it touched upon the land question, but took a strong stand against the Chinese laborers, saying that there were 35,000 Chinese in the Territory who were not on the plantations and that these were in competition with the Hawaiians. He pointed to the victory of labor in San Francisco, and in other parts of the United States and urged organization. He said he was making the speech at great personal risk of financial loss, but he wanted to speak.

John E. Bush in his Hawaiian address dwelt upon the Chinese labor portion of the subject and urged ratification of the message. We are gathered to take a non-partisan part in the matter under consideration," declared Mr. Bush. "I have carefully considered President Roosevelt's message. He has shown that he will not be tied down to party precedent. President Roosevelt was raised to his position of trust by an unfortunate accident, nevertheless he has thus far indicated that he is the right man for the place. We have in President Roosevelt a man who possesses the courage of his convictions."

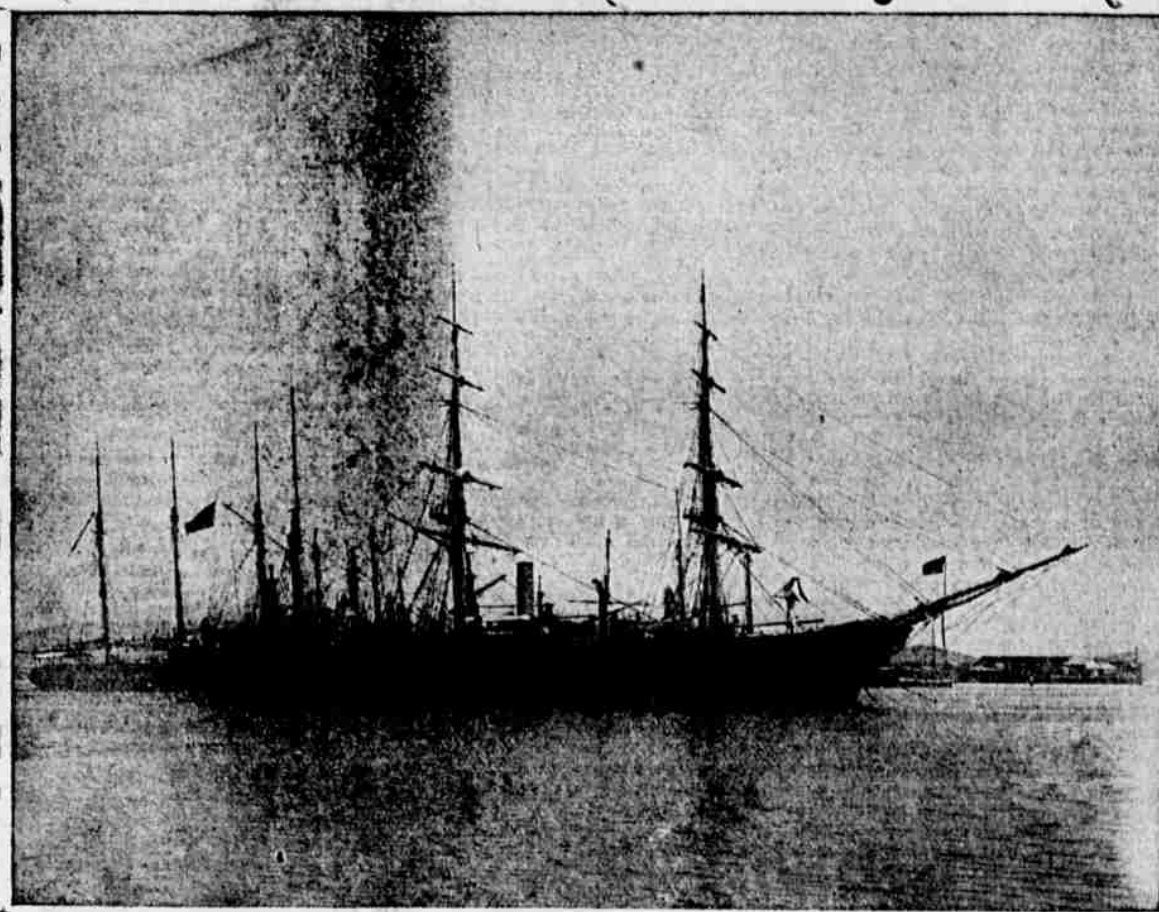
J. Kanui was the next speaker, and he was listened to with eagerness on all sides. He spoke as one of the oldest of the Hawaiian political workers, and as the father of the Home Rule movement. In fact, as he originated the Aloha Aina. He frequently laid stress upon the necessity for remembering that the Home Rulers were Hawaiians and vice versa, and urged the ratification of the message. He said in part:

"I approve of the message of President Roosevelt, especially if he will carry out the principles which he has laid down; especially if he will do something for the Hawaiians who are now allied to the American nation, and who are now a part of it."

"Although we are Hawaiians at heart we are Americanized and look forward to the benefits which the change will bring about."

"We must not forget that we are Hawaiians, however; that we are Home Rule Republicans, and as such must wish for the best things for our

ADAMS MAY REMAIN IN PORT AS STATION AND RECEIVING SHIP



THE UNITED STATES TRAINING SHIP MOHICAN.

HONOLULU soon may have a new station ship in the Adams, a training vessel now at Mare Island, which has been frequently in this port. While there is no official confirmation of this report, from private sources in this city it is learned that the Adams is to come here in the early spring. Instead of the Alert, which was expected and it is probable that she will be stationed here permanently. Captain Merry, when questioned in regard to the coming of the Adams yesterday, stated that he had received no information upon the subject, and had not been informed of any intention on the part of the Navy Department to make the Adams a receiving ship in Honolulu.

It is said that Delegate Wilcox has made application to have the Adams sent here as a station ship for the express purpose of giving the Hawaiian boys a chance to enter the navy. If she is made the receiving ship at this port enlistments for the navy will be received on board, and the training home, Hawaii."

T. M. Stewart spoke at great length. He said that he regretted the absence of Judge Estee who, he said, would be able to instruct the people in Americanism. He dwelt upon the history of the land laws, and the part played by the late President McKinley, declaring that in his advocacy of small farms he was not an enemy of sugar. He said cheap labor was a menace to institutions and that the success of the future was in a group of small farms about a co-operative mill. He also urged city and county government. His address was full of thought and was well received.

After this address the resolutions were read by John Wise, in both languages, and ratified if cheering is so ranked, and the audience left the building.

The resolutions, as adopted, read as follows: Whereas, The message of President Roosevelt to the Congress of the United States is replete with recommendations which, while intended for the nation at large, would, if embodied in legislation, be of incalculable benefit to this Territory in its future development; and Whereas, The recommendations regarding this Territory are of a character contemplated to develop the highest type of citizenship through a home environment in accord with our claims to civilization and Christianity; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the citizens and voters of the Territory of Hawaii, in mass meeting assembled, do heartily and loyally endorse the recommendations in the President's message relative to wage-earners, immigration, forest reserves, national control and development of water storage for irrigation, a Pacific cable and an inter-oceanic canal.

Resolved, That in his recommendations referring directly to this Territory the President has outlined a policy which meets with the unbounded support of all Americans in these Islands regardless of race or political affiliations.

Resolved, That we pledge our united and concerted action in erecting in this Territory such a traditional American system of government as will do credit to the citizens of Hawaii and support the recommendations of our President. Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the President through our Delegate in Congress.

The schools reopened for the spring term yesterday with a good attendance. There have been few changes in the personnel of the teachers since the holiday vacation began.

ship will make Honolulu her permanent headquarters. The Alert will be put out of commission and the Adams take her place. She is a vessel of seventeen hundred tons and a swift and staunch craft of her class. She is expected to arrive in Honolulu in early spring, probably March or April, but whether she remains here as a station ship depends upon further orders from the Secretary of the Navy.

Captain Merry has received notification of the early coming of the Mohican, a training ship now on a cruise along the Southern coast of California. Captain Merry said yesterday that the Mohican would arrive within two weeks. She will go first to Hilo and come to Honolulu from that port. The Mohican has aboard several hundred apprentices and cadets, and will probably make a long stay in this port.

Paymaster Hall has received information of the sailing of the naval collier Alexander from Lambert's Point, Virginia, on December 10th, with a cargo of coal for the Navy Department in Honolulu. She will be the first steam collier of the navy to come to this port. The Alexander carries 3252 tons of Pocahontas coal for the naval station according to the bills of lading received at the navy office. Her captain is E. P. D. Nichols and she will make stops at Santiago, Havana and other southern ports, leaving supplies along the way. Her trip around the Horn, it is expected, will consume less than a hundred days and she should arrive early in March.

A NEW CANE CONVEYOR

Charles Crozier, of the Honolulu Iron Works, is at work on a machine which if successful will revolutionize the present methods of cane conveying and loading. He made the first test of his invention, which already has been patented, yesterday morning, and while not wholly perfected, Mr. Crozier is confident from the showing made that it will be successful. The machine is what is known as an eight-pole derrick cane loader with an automatic hoist. It will take in an eighty-foot radius, which will be a considerable improvement in that the tracks which are now placed one hundred feet apart, making less equipment necessary for the plantations. The derrick machine now used to a considerable extent in Hawaii weighs ten tons, while Crozier's invention weighs but two and a half tons.

Another advantage in the new machine will be that no furnaces, boilers or power machinery using fire is required. This machine can be started with a weight of a hundred pounds, says the inventor, and will continue from its own momentum.

Mr. Crozier stated yesterday that there are several minor defects to be remedied which he discovered in yesterday's test, and he will start to work upon these immediately. Mr. Crozier expects to have his cane conveyor ready for actual work within two weeks, but is not ready to predict its entire success until the machine has been in actual operation upon a plantation.

Light at Halawa Point.

Many captains of packets in the trade between San Francisco and this port are agitating the placing of a light house on Halawa Point, the most easterly extremity of the island of Molokai. This usually is the very first land sighted by incoming ships, and it seems to be a matter of habit to reach this point after night, the necessity for the light is believed to be sufficient to impress the authorities. The captains will send an appeal to the Lighthouse Board, as there is no chance that the Territory will undertake such a task.

Honolulu. She will be the first steam collier of the navy to come to this port. The Alexander carries 3252 tons of Pocahontas coal for the naval station according to the bills of lading received at the navy office. Her captain is E. P. D. Nichols and she will make stops at Santiago, Havana and other southern ports, leaving supplies along the way. Her trip around the Horn, it is expected, will consume less than a hundred days and she should arrive early in March.

From this port she will go to Guam to relieve the collier now at that port. The coal brought by the Alexander is for the use of the vessels of the navy only and not for those of the army transport service. This is the first cargo of coal brought on a steam collier to Honolulu, as formerly the coal has always come by sailing vessel under a separate contract. One result will be a reduction in the price of coal to naval vessels, as there is not the additional charge for freight when coal is brought by a vessel of the department. The Alexander is a vessel of 6181 tons displacement.

SIX MONTHS FOR WOLFSON

In the District Court yesterday W. Wolfson, alias W. Wilson, alias W. Wolfson, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment at hard labor on a charge of gross cheat.

It appeared that Wolfson, who is an ex-soldier, passed J. D. Silva a fraudulent note for \$25, made out by "W. Wilson," and bearing the endorsement of Dr. W. G. Rogers. Silva handed over the money, but found, on inquiry of Dr. Rogers, that the endorsement was a forgery. Wolfson has been in trouble before. Attorney Bittling, for the defense, stated that in his opinion defendant was insane.

John Sylva, the mail carrier, charged with disturbing the Peace Mission, was discharged, it being shown that his horse had thrust itself upon the service of the mission on account of having been frightened by an electric car and the noise made by the evangelists in their work of saving souls.

Rodriguez, the driver of the tram car which was held up and robbed at Waikehi on Saturday night, and who said that the work had been done by soldiers at Camp McKinley, failed to identify the alleged robbers at Camp McKinley yesterday, although all the men of the garrison were lined up for him to take his pick of them. There was \$22.89 in the stolen fare box.

John Thompson, charged with common nuisance, was reprimanded and discharged by Judge Wilcox yesterday.

Carnegie May Help Yale.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Rumors are in circulation to the effect that Andrew Carnegie is getting ready to give a million dollars to increase Yale's building endowment fund. President Hadley of Yale, according to New Haven reports, declines to discuss, deny or affirm the rumor. Mr. Carnegie also refuses to make any comment regarding either this rumor or his alleged intentions with respect to a magnificent gift to Columbia University.

The Rev. Dr. Doreen Scudder, pastor of the First Church, of Woburn, Mass., who has been appointed by the Hawaiian Mission Board to work among the Japanese at Hawaii, will sail from San Francisco on January 5 for Japan, and, after spending a year there in acquainting himself with present conditions, will come to Hawaii.

WIDEN HOTEL STREET

Executive Council Approves the Plans.

PLANs FOR the widening of Hotel street were again before the Executive Council at yesterday's meeting, which occupied the entire day. The proposition of Henry Waterhouse & Co. to give the government the land required on Hotel street near Alakea was accepted. The price to be paid is merely nominal, one dollar an acre, the government, however, agreeing to bear the expense of changing the curb and sidewalks. This land is made up of the two lots on the town side of the library building on the mauka side of Hotel street.

Superintendent Boyd also is negotiating for the land owned by Waterhouse & Co. at the corner of Union and Hotel streets and the deal for an exchange may be closed today. This leaves little to be done towards the acquisition of land for widening Hotel street, and Superintendent Boyd with a few more days' work and the approval of the Executive Council, will be ready to start on the actual work of widening the street.

The pro rata schedule adopted last week was again up for discussion, the Public Works Department putting in a claim for a large allowance. Mr. Boyd protested that with the small amount allotted to him he would be utterly unable to complete some of the work badly needed, and upon the assurances of Treasurer Wright that the extra expense could be borne an additional allowance of \$20,000 per month was made to the Public Works Department. This will allow of many much needed improvements and while the Kewalo drainage system was not brought up at yesterday's meeting it is understood that the increase in the pro rata will permit of work being commenced on this improvement at once.

A communication was read from Father Valentine of the Catholic church accepting the proposition of the government to widen Fort street and agreeing to donate the necessary land, on condition that a sidewalk and fence be constructed at the expense of the territory.

Several land matters were brought up and Land Commissioner Boyd was granted authority to throw open various tracts for settlement. The application of the Settlement Association in Kailua, Puna, Hawaii, for homestead lots was granted.

The application of the Settlement Association for the opening of seventy acres at seventeen miles on the Volcano road, on Hawaii, was granted, excepting as to one lot, which was outside the tract which can be opened at one time under the land laws.

The James Lewis Settlement Association made application for the opening of 130 acres in Olaa near the Tom Cooke settlement. It was granted only as to sixty-five acres, as only one block may be thrown open at a time.

A list of rules and regulations governing the loading and unloading of vessels at wharves was read by Supt. Boyd and approved by the council. The rules will be submitted to Attorney-General Dole for revision before being promulgated.

A report was also read from Harbor-master Fuller and Captain McCallister of the tug Eleu regarding the recent trouble between the tug Fearless and the government tug Eleu. The reports stated that the Eleu was in no danger at the time of her alleged rescue by the Fearless, and that the latter is not entitled to salvage. No definite action was taken, but it is quite certain that any claim for salvage will be resisted.

At the morning session the application of W. D. Scott for renewal of light wine and beer license at Paha, Maui, was granted. The petition of St. Sayres to have his dealer's license changed to his bottling works in Kakaekaa was denied. The application of Nawahi for a beer license at Kapaau, Hawaii, was not granted.

CONVICTS WILL GROW SUGAR

HOUSTON, Tex., Dec. 21.—Governor Sayers has returned from a visit to Brazoria county, where a meeting of the Penitentiary Board was held. He announced that it was definitely decided to purchase for the penitentiary the Clemens farm of 2,500 acres and to erect thereon a sugar mill to cost between \$250,000 and \$300,000. The plantations owned by the State now comprise 8,000 acres, which are to be devoted solely to the raising of sugar cane, and convict labor is to be employed in the mill. This will remove all convict labor from railroads and other contract employment. The mill will be built next year.

An incipient blaze in the Territory Stables at an early hour yesterday morning, was quenched by the watchman with a bucket of water.

NEW YEAR ON MAUI

Dancing, Japanese Theatricals and Polo.

MAUI, Jan. 4.—During the evening of December 30th and several other days of the week the thermometer registered 41 degrees at Ukaieie, and 4 degrees at Haleakala Ranch.

The interior of the large and beautiful hall was decked with ropes of ferns, which were gracefully looped from the high cross-beams, above which many electric lamps shone with brilliant light. A large American flag which formed the drapery of the corner, partially concealed the Walthee Quintet Club which, during the evening and morning, discoursed inspiring music and sang catchy Hawaiian airs.

Instead of the usual march and simple waltz began the dance, and with the exception of two lancers, round dances were the rule of the pleasurable hours. Mr. Walsh, of Kahului, made a most acceptable floor manager.

At midnight the new year, the infant 1901—was ushered in by the blowing of steam whistles, the snapping of fire-crackers and the bursting of bombs. Every one shook his neighbor's hand and wished him a happy new year.

Shortly before the service of delicious refreshments, Mr. W. G. Osg, of Wailuku, won many applause and showed himself a skillful dancer, by doing the famous sword dance, two canes taking the place of swords.

Though it was 4 or 5 a. m. before many of the guests reached their homes, all regrets for the loss of sweet sleep were smothered by memories of a most pleasant time.

JAPANESE CELEBRATION.
The little brown men outdid even the whites in their celebration of the new year.

For the past three months the Japanese of Hamakua have employed a teacher, an old professional actor from Japan, to train a company of Hamakua people to perform a dramatic play embracing all the events of a complete novel, which required nearly ten consecutive hours to portray. The Japanese raised the money to defray the expenses by subscriptions. They paid the old actor \$300 for his services, and besides, built a stage, jacking the middle of it and the exterior of the adjoining houses with six or seven hundred yards of white cotton cloth. They also had some scenery painted.

Two performances were given—one on New Year's eve, and the other on New Year's night. About 500 people, of Japanese and 200 Hawaiians, Portuguese and other foreigners, made up the audience on each occasion. They sat in the open air from 6:30 p. m. to 4 o'clock a. m., listening to speeches of the actors, or the tum-tum of the solitary Japanese guitar which formed the orchestra.

The Japanese of Kihui also celebrated the New Year by some amusing performances.

NEW YEAR POLO.
On New Year's day a game of polo was played on Sunnyside grounds, Paia, between two flocks of the Makawao Club. The contest was a one-sided one, Baldwin's side easily winning 6 to 0. Von Tempky's by a score of 6 to 0. The two quartets were made up of P. F. Baldwin (captain), W. O. Aiken, C. Lindsay and E. A. Alexander, and L. von Tempky (captain), John Fleming, George Wilbur and David Morton. Three plays of fifteen minutes each resulted as follows: First, 1 to 0; second, 2 to 0; third, 2 to 0, all in favor of Baldwin's men. Mr. Baldwin, during one of the fifteen-minute plays, rode Aguinaldo, a crack pony recently imported by him from California, which exhibited wonderful ability for going for the ball, for stopping instantaneously, turning quickly and using and placing his feet in a most skillful manner.

One of the amusing incidents of the game on New Year's day was the tearing of a player's clothes by a mischievous or vicious pony. The animal took hold of the back part of the player's pants and tore a foot or more of the khaki before he released his hold. A ladies' gold pin temporarily repaired the damage. It is probable that the Maui club will soon invite the Honolulu boys to a match game at Paia the first part of next April.

MISCELLANEOUS.
At noon, December 31, Miss Margaret R. Nape was married to Mr. W. H. Field, at Maunaloa Seminary, Paia, by Rev. Dr. E. G. Beckwith. Both the bride and bridegroom are residents of Wailuku. Miss Nape is a most popular young lady, and has many friends all over Maui. She has been teaching in the Wailuku Union School. Mr. Field was the organizer of the Maui Hotel Company.

On the morning of December 30th the summit of Haleakala was thinly covered with snow again.

Both the Paia and Hamakua stores were closed last week during the taking of the stock.

The name of Spreckelsville is soon to be erased from the map. It will be simply known as Camp 1. The post-office and mill are to be called Puuene.

The First National Bank of Wailuku is prospering beyond the expectations of the promoters.

Tonight Mrs. Dora von Tempky will give a progressive euchre party at her residence at Punahoa, Makawao.

Nathaniel Black has resigned his position at Spreckelsville, and will depart for Manila.

Messrs. Griffin and Haugha have been entertained by Mr. H. A. Baldwin, of Hamakua, during the week. On New Year's day Mr. Baldwin showed the two gentlemen the Olinda country, and on the 2nd he guided them to the Keanae-Nahiku forests. Today Messrs. Griffin and Haugha go to Ulu-palukua, on Sunday to Iao Valley, and on Tuesday to Hawaii.

"Tony" McLean, the popular agent in charge of Paia depot, is soon to depart for Hawaii, to the regret of his many friends.

Miss Hart, of Punahoa Preparatory School, has been the guest of Mrs. W. O. Aiken, of Makawao.

The Ladies' Reading Club met at Mrs. W. S. Nicoll's residence, Hamakua, during the afternoon of the 3rd.

Another Murder is Reported From Kau.

HILO, January 3.—Chester Doyle distinguished himself by the capture of a Japanese murderer, whom he prosecuted and had bound over to the grand jury. Kau district is becoming notorious through its murders and robberies.

The last was that of Kido, a cook in the employ of W. P. Fennel at Punaluu, who was killed by a fellow-countryman named Sasaki. It seems that a boat belonging to a fisherman at Punaluu got away from its moorings and was lost for several days. It was afterward found and returned to the owner who, to show his gratitude, gathered his friends together on Tuesday for a feast. There was also present a large quantity of liquor which the men indulged in liberally. In some way Sasaki and Kido got into an altercation but over what has not been learned. The men had blows and Sasaki knocked down the other man and then drew an ugly looking knife which he buried to the hilt in Kido's breast. Death was instantaneous and Sasaki ran away.

Chester Doyle was in the neighborhood and was telephoned for. After a short search Sasaki was found and placed under arrest. A coroner's jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts, a post mortem showing that the man's heart had been punctured in the center. At the preliminary hearing W. F. Reynolds, late of Honolulu, appeared for the defendant, and C. Anthony Doyle for the government. Mr. Doyle succeeded in having his prisoner bound over for the April term of the grand jury and eight witnesses were held in \$500 bonds each to appear at the trial. Bail was not furnished and the men will be taken to Honolulu for safe keeping.

The murdered man was well known on this side of the island, having been a cook for W. W. Goodale for five years when the latter was manager of Onomea Sugar Co.

Maui Ball Team Were Well Beaten.

HILO, Jan. 3.—Cleaner sports never came to Hilo, than the crowd of baseball boys from Maui, who crossed bats with an all Hilo nine at Honolulu Park last Wednesday and came out at the little end of the horn.

This is how Hilo treated the Maui Athletic Association. Maui was defeated by a score of 7 to 4.

The game was one of the best ever played on Hawaiian soil. The Hilo team can hold their own against talent from any other city in the islands. The Maui team can win honors on a toss-up with the crack team at Honolulu any day. The game Wednesday was a piece of poetry for amateurs.

Look at the record of the game as chronicled by the official scorer, C. L. Clement. It is here:

Maui	A.B.	R.	P.	O.	E.	A.
J. Garcia, 2b	5	2	0	6	2	1
G.H. Cummings, 3b	5	2	0	6	3	5
A. Jackson, p	5	2	0	0	0	4
W.H. Cornwell, lf	5	2	0	2	0	0
Kellin, cf	5	2	1	1	0	0
L. R. Crook, rf	5	2	0	1	0	1
J. Yates, 3b	4	2	0	0	0	3
A. Garcia, ss	4	1	0	1	1	2
T. Pickard, 1b	4	1	0	0	0	0

Hilo—A.B. R. P. O. E. A.
E. M. Brown, p 5 1 2 2 16
Spaulding, c 5 3 1 13 1
Rowland, 2b 5 1 0 1 0
Easton, 3b 3 0 0 1 1
Ragsdale, 3b 1 0 0 0 0
Sups, lf 4 0 2 7 1
L. Salvador, rf 4 3 1 0 0
K. Wallace, cf 4 3 0 0 0
Beers, of 4 1 0 3 0
Kahana, ss 4 2 0 0 0

Runs—Hilo 7, Maui 4.
Brown struck out 12; Jackson 4; Hilo made 4 base hits; Maui 3. Hilo took 7 bases on balls; Maui 6. There were no double plays. Time of game, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Umpires, Baldwin, Edmonds and Boeck.

The Hilo nine played good ball. In fact they had to do it to beat the visitors. Brown in the box was in perfect trim, as the record shows. Spaulding was a little marvel behind the bat. Beers took the cake in pneumatic holding. Sups on first base made but one error. Jack Easton, who always plays in hard luck, dislocated an elbow in making a slide at first base, and was horsed de combat for the day. His place was taken by Ragsdale.

The visitors played an even game. The trouble with them seemed to be with the man in the box, who still felt the gyratory effect of the Kinai. The Maui boys would have put up a better game a day later.

The game has served as a stimulus for baseball in Hilo. The league will start on a new schedule of games in a few days, and it is on the cards to go to Maui at the first opportunity and cross bats again with the Athletic Association.

REMARKABLE CURE OF CROUP.
A Little Boy's Life Saved.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life, and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steere, of Goodwin, S. D., U. S. A., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave the medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up," and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. We had to pull the phlegm out of his throat in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth today. Joel Demont, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

The Board of Education met in regular session at the Superintendent's office Saturday morning. The chief feature of interest was a report from Kealahou, Maui, showing the excellent results attending the introduction of manual training in that school. The pupils are becoming quite proficient as carpenters and printers, using their own type and tools. One of the results of the instruction in carpentry has been the construction of a sixty-foot fence around the school yard. Both the girls and boys are being taught the art of sewing, and the learning rapidly.

The resignation of Miss Margaret Nape of Wailuku was accepted and she was tendered a letter of thanks for a handsome piano, which had been purchased for the school through her efforts. The normal inspectors were given power

CHINESE TO ORGANIZE A CONFUCIUS ASSOCIATION

The young reformers among the Chinese of Honolulu yesterday effected the preliminary organization of the Confucius Religious Society, about a hundred Chinese being present. The meeting was held in the rooms of the Chinese United Society on King street, Mr. Ng Fawn being chosen temporary chairman, whose duty it will be to extend a general invitation to all Chinese here to associate themselves with the movement. When sufficient numbers are enrolled another meeting will be held, when the society will be organized on a permanent basis and the study of the teachings of the great Chinese philosopher will commence.

Yesterday's meeting was enthusiastic, and about a dozen orators spoke in favor of all Chinese learning more of the philosophy of Confucius, which was at a low ebb in the Hawaiian Islands. It was stated that in China the youths of the empire who went to school learned the rudiments of the philosopher's teachings, but in the Hawaiian Islands little had been done to continue education along the lines laid down by Confucius. At the conclusion of the discussion it was decided that an invitation should be generally extended to the Chinese young men to enter the proposed society.

A large number of wealthy Chinese are behind the movement, and will aid the organization with their means and influence. In order to bring the matter publicly to the attention of the Chinese community, the publishers of the organization have arranged with the publishers of the Sun Chook Kwong Bo, a semi-weekly local paper, published in the vernacular, to issue a special supplement on Thursday of this week, telling of the reasons for organizing the Confucius Religious Society, and the aims and objects of the great philosopher, and outlining his teachings. A fine half-tone cut of Confucius will adorn the supplemental page of the newspaper, and the entire issue will be distributed gratis among the Chinese residents.

The society will say that the Chinese the world over recognize the value of Confucius' teachings, and that similar associations have been organized

REPUBLICANS TO FIGHT OVER A SECRETARYSHIP

When the Republican Territorial Committee meets this evening at 7:30 o'clock in the headquarters, the great fight will be upon the secretaryship, according to the present outlook. It has developed that the plan to nominate a member of the committee as secretary, giving him an assistant, will meet with some opposition. Should this not be done, there are factional fights which may result in the defeat of J. D. Avery, who was assistant to Secretary Hendry, and who has received many endorsements.

It is understood that not less than six out-of-town members have signified that their votes are to be cast for Mr. Avery, and it is known he has received endorsements from the district committees here as well as from Republican legislators and leading men. The fight upon him has taken the form of a color line squabble. The members of the fifth district, it is understood, have decided that they shall have the name of the secretary this time, as Hendry was named by the Fourth district, and as Mr. Avery, a Fourth district man, is a haole, they have served notice that they will nominate a Hawaiian. It is understood that their candidate

to regulate the number of children in the rooms of all teachers. A rule was also adopted that no school shall close on the last day of the term before 2 o'clock.

The following appointments and transfers were made: Mr. Eli Snyder to Hualapalua, accepted. Rosenkrantz, recommended; W. McClusky, transfer; Miss Kimball, transfer; Julian Yates, assistant to Snyder; Miss Edith Nichols vice Miss Ivy Gerwin, resigned; approved. Miss Brerley as assistant Papakoa school. Miss Euna Bevans for balance of year, Miss E. H. Robinson at Wailuku, Miss Cooke, Lahaina, vice Mrs. Dickinson. The resignation of Mr. Hore at Wailuku, because of holding the two government positions of tax assessor and school teacher, was accepted and the thanks of the board for long and satisfactory service will be extended to him. Mrs. Churchill will be appointed to fill the position for the rest of the term at a temporary salary of \$5 a month. Mrs. Smith will act as assistant at a salary of \$10.

**"SOLDIER" WOLFSON
ARRESTED AGAIN**

The arrests for Saturday and Sunday were: Assault and battery—Henry Peter, Abraham Manase, on John Silva; Charles Heslop on M. G. Reiman; drunkenness—Silva, John Thompson, Saika; adultery—W. S. Hicks, Antonio Colon; headless driving—Monta, Yoshihito; gross cheat—W. Wolfson; property—Kahaloa; investigation—Watson. Yesterday was a dry Sabbath, only one case of drunkenness, Saika, being recorded.

Wolfson is alleged to have obtained \$25 from M. G. Silva, under false pretences. He is said to have borrowed \$25 from M. G. Silva, and to have given him a note for the same signed, "W. Wolfson."

Wolfson is an ex-artilleryman, and last year while attached to the Camp McKinley garrison, got into trouble for the alleged passing of bad checks. He was at one time known to the local gaudy youth as a thoroughbred high roller.

About 7 a. m. yesterday a horse and hack came down Bethel street at a furious rate of speed and brought up suddenly again the wall of the police station. The horse was thrown down but was unhurt, the hack, which was smashed to kindling wood. While Officer Neilson was clearing away the harness, the owner, a Japanese, arrived on the scene. He said that the horse had run away from the Fishmarket, and that this was the third time that the same horse had run away and smashed a hack.

**SCHOOL BOARD'S
MEETING**

Six combination steel and timber bridges are now being constructed by the Department of Public Works to be shipped away on the Kinai tomorrow for Laupahoehoe, Hawaii, to replace several which were washed away during the recent heavy storms on the Hamakua coast.

Information was received by the department on Saturday after the arrival of the Kinai from Hawaii, that many of the roads in the vicinity of Laupahoehoe, and those between that town and Maunaloa, had been badly washed out by the rains and many breaches from 20 to 60 feet wide had been made, some of the culverts being thirty feet deep. The bridges along these routes were not strong enough to withstand the torrents of water which beat against them and they were entirely washed away. Several hundred men were put to work to repair the damaged roads by those in charge of the Hawaii road system, and when the new bridges arrive the work will soon be completed.

The assistant superintendent will go to Laupahoehoe tomorrow on the Kinai to look over the damage. The department in two days has accomplished a great work in constructing the bridges, some of them intended to span 40 to 60 feet. They will be shipped knocked down.

Chauncy M. Depew and Miss May Palmer were married according to the Catholic rite at Notre Dame, Paris.

PROTEST OF MAUI

Boyd Explains the Nahiku Water License.

The Nahiku Sugar Company has not applied for a water license in the Nahiku tract on Maui and does not intend to, despite the representations made by Delegate Wilcox to Congress in a petition from the so-called homesteaders of that tract. The fact of the matter is that the Nahiku Sugar Company already has a water license in that district, as well as the homesteaders, and the rights of neither can be changed or infringed without the consent of the other. What the company really has done is to apply for a water license beyond that district, the failure of the homesteaders to cultivate cane having made necessary the acquisition of additional lands on the part of the Nahiku Sugar Company itself.

"The existing water rights in the Nahiku water district cannot be changed without the consent of the homesteaders themselves," said Land Commissioner Boyd yesterday, when questioned in regard to the protest of the homesteaders. "These petitioners saw fit to ignore this office entirely and appealed directly to Washington, when by inquiry here they could have learned that the water supply of Nahiku was in no danger, and the license could not be changed or disturbed without the consent of the homesteaders."

"The Nahiku district has an abundant supply of water drawing it not only from the two streams contiguous to these lands, but also has heavy rainfall. The homesteaders in that district refuse to plant cane and the Nahiku Sugar Co. has come to the point when it must either get more land under cultivation or the plantation must be given up, as they had depended upon the homesteaders for a portion of their cane. The water license now held by the Sugar Co. confers equal rights upon the homesteaders. It was given during the transition period, and along with other licenses was approved by the United States, bearing the signature of William McKinley as President. There are two streams in that district which supply these lands sixty million gallons of water every twenty-four hours, and there is plenty of water there for all."

"Now the Nahiku Sugar Co. has applied for a water license for other lands northwest of their present holdings, and dependent upon an entirely different source of water supply than that which feeds the homestead lands. The district it now seeks to tap is between Kapakapa stream and Honomanu gulch and will not touch the old supply. This district is very mountainous, is full of gulches and totally useless for general agricultural purposes. The gulches are so close together that a mule's tail is in one gulch, while its head may be in the next. This region has been considered wholly inaccessible, but now with modern appliances, this almost impossible engineering and financial feat is to be attempted, and it is hoped to divert the water to such lands as may be used for the cultivation of cane."

"The proposition now is to lease the lands that contain this water with such restrictions as will protect private interests, and all such lands as are tributary to the district. The homestead lands will be protected, for it has always been the policy of the government to encourage small farms. In this instance it is because the small farmers failed to cultivate cane that the Nahiku plantation is compelled to seek more land. The signers of the petition do not know to me, but some I know are not citizens."

AT THE BASE OF PARNASSUS

"From Fair Hawaiiand," is a substantially bound book of poems by P. Maurice McMahon, who has from time to time been making contributions to the Hawaiian of the Territory. The book is from the press of the Stanley Taylor Company of San Francisco. The book is divided into five sections: Hawaiian and California poems, poems of Love and Sentiment and Miscellaneous and Religious poems. It is in the Hawaiian and the Hawaiian poems that McMahon has done his best work. The spirit of Hawaii has entered into him in no small degree, and some of his work shows unmistakable evidence of it. He has likewise come under the spell of the magic of the Golden State, and writes of the old gray missions and the poppy-covered hills of California with a touch that is both sympathetic and poetical.

The miscellaneous poems are replete with human interest, and as such are worth reading. The poems of love and sentiment are distinctly too much so, even for the readers in Hawaii, who have drunk deeply of the cup. Throughout the religious poems runs a vein of undoubted sincerity. The best of these, perhaps, is the last one in the book: "On the Bosom of God is Rest." The author sees and thinks poetically; often he writes so there, are times, however, when he descends a step below the mediocre, and wets the feet of his meter in the blue watery milk of drive. The book is worth perusal, however; perhaps in this land, where the issue of books is fortunately or otherwise a rare occurrence, well worth perusal.

Wilcox Is in Cuba.
Delegate Wilcox is spending his vacation examining into conditions in Cuba. The holiday vacation of the two houses was of such duration that the Hawaiian member decided that it would afford an opportunity to look into the very conditions which are to be met by the local interests. Wilcox has suggested that his family join him at the capital, the last of this month.

Immunity From Disease

Do you know what water you are drinking?
Is it boiled and then filtered?
Your physician will tell you first filter and then boil it.
You can save all this trouble and be perfectly safe from all diseases that are transmitted to the system through drinking water, by using the

Puritan Water Still

This simple and inexpensive article can be used on your wood, coal or oil stove, and will supply beautiful distilled water.

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you know, is condensed steam, mixed with pure oxygen.
Now that the heavy winter rains have set in, you should be more careful than ever.

Do not take any more chances.

You cannot make a better investment than to purchase one of our Puritan water stills.

No home should be without one.

We are the sole distributing agents for the Hawaiian Territory, and intend to push the sale of these all over the group, thereby reducing the great amount of suffering from malarial troubles.

You can see these machines working in one of our front windows.

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Island Orders Solicited.
Telephone Main 71.

Olaa Assessments.

THE 17TH AND 18TH ASSESSMENTS, of 50c each, are now bearing interest at the rate of 1 per cent per month.

THE 19TH ASSESSMENT of 2½¢ of 50c per share, has been called, to be due and payable November 20th.

Interest will be charged on assessments unpaid ten (10) days after the same are due at the rate of 1 per cent per month from the date on which such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be payable at the office of the B. F. Dillingham Company, Limited, Stangenwald Building.

ELMER E. PAXTON,
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Company, Ltd.
Honolulu, T. H., July 20, 1901.

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British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
AGENTS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The Kahn bill for Chinese exclusion is meeting with favor among treasury officials now.

WAIT ON ADVICE OF CUPID

Home Rulers Are Not Hurrying to Change.

(From Saturday's daily.)

All arrangements for the mass meeting of Home Rulers at the Drillshed this evening were concluded at the meeting of the executive committee, which was held last evening. It was a stormy meeting while it lasted, and there were a number of hot speeches. The list of speakers was not fully made up, owing to the absence of John Emmelhuth, who has had that feature of the affair in charge.

A copy of the leper settlement bill of Wilcox was received in the mail, and was read and given some discussion. There was no final statement made, and the matter will come up later. The mass meeting affairs and the central committee matters occupied the entire time of the meeting. The committee reported the resolutions which it was instructed to bring up, and there was little discussion on them as they were brief. The matter of the speakers was left in some doubt, as there are expected to arrive in the Kilauea several members of the party, who will have a chance to speak if they wish. Prince Cupid is also expected to return.

The matter of the reorganization of the party was discussed at some length, but there was no decision reached, the members of the central committee not forming the fight in the absence of Prince Cupid, who will be expected to have a great deal to say, as he will, according to the statements of his friends, accept the nomination of his party for the lower house. If no other purpose than to gauge the strength of the party in the Fourth District. The central committee will take up its work regularly at once, and push it along rapidly.

MAN TO OPPOSE CUPID.

The question of a Republican candidate to make the race against Cupid is occupying the minds of many members of that party. The first consideration is the plan for making the nomination. The course proposed by some of the leaders is to allow the nomination to be made by the committee of the Fourth District. There are some members of the party who believe that the province of the committee in this matter is to call a district convention to make the choice. This would bring the nomination nearer to the people, and would make the nominee absolutely the man of the majority of the voters of the district.

The matter of names of candidates is one which is made to fit every coterie which gathers. J. A. Gilman said to friends yesterday, when his name was mentioned as the probable choice of the party in the district, that he did not want the nomination at all. This seems to be the case with most of the recognized leaders of the party in the Fourth District, and it may be that a man will have to be induced to remove from another district to make a fight against the Home Rule nominee. Charles B. Wilson has been named as one who would make a strong fight for the Republican ticket, and the name of A. V. Gear has been used as a prospective candidate for the place. It is recognized that there must be put up a man who will unite the Republican party, and that there must be made a hard fight if the nominee of the other side is to be beaten.

The question which is thought to be before the leaders of the parties, is which shall get the big end of the Democratic vote. At the last election the highest Republican vote in the Fourth District was 1,236, that of the late A. F. Gillman, the highest Home Ruler, J. S. Quinn, got 914; the first Democrat, E. C. Macfarlane, got 650. The Home Rulers expect to believe they will get the entire Democratic vote, which will make it certain that they will win. The Republicans expect to hold their vote, and insist that with the showing of the Democrats at the last election there is no reason to believe there will be any abandonment of the field by that party. Should it get out of the way it is thought that more than half the Democrats will go to the Republican side.

SAYS SHE DIDN'T DANCE THE HULA

Mrs. R. W. Wilcox has been much disturbed by recent publications in the East, bearing primarily upon her accession to an editorial chair, but in which appear at some length a statement that she gave, while on the ship which brought her back to her native land, an exhibition of the hula kuu. Mrs. Wilcox said last evening:

"These statements are untrue. I did not dance, and the statement that I did is maliciously false. The captain did not stop our music. It is all a misstatement. Among the passengers on the ship at that time were Mrs. W. F. C. Hasson, Mr. W. R. Castle Jr. and many others, and they will bear witness that I did not take part in any hula dancing."

"I am not so shortsighted as to forget my position, and as the wife of the Delegate to Congress from these Islands, I have always borne myself with the dignity which the position imposes upon one. These false statements are very annoying, and I wish they would cease."

A CURE FOR LUMBAGO.

W. C. Williamson, of Amherst, Va., U. S. A., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and it gave me entire relief, which all other remedies had failed to do." Sold by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

The new year has come to find the market for shares in this city somewhat disturbed over the continued action of the banks in keeping such a tight hold upon the money in the country, but with all in a fairly healthy condition, as compared with the recent business. There can be traced to the condition of the money market every ill that the brokers say they suffer, but there are a few of the men who have their fingers upon the pulse of the market all the time, that believe there will be a speedy recovery from the conditions which are existent.

One fact must be admitted, that there are more shares on the market than there have been for some time. There is no great decline in prices at which this stock is offered, but the fact remains that almost every broker has a book full of orders to sell some of the standard shares at the ruling prices. This is believed to be due to investments in other places, and also to the business changes which are constantly running about the opening of a year. There have been few sales even with this long list of selling orders, and the outlook is therefore for lower prices in some of the good shares.

There are two stocks which are showing a great firmness, and the prospect is that there will be greater demands for these shares than there is supply. One is Oahu, which, after a forced sale of twenty at 95 on Thursday, went up between boards to 97, and on the board yesterday to 98, both times upon a block of ten shares being offered. The other is Olan, and the fact that the week's report shows no transactions means only that there is none of the stock on the market. The demand seems to have grown very materially within the past few weeks. One brokerage firm has on its books four orders to buy this stock, but during the past week has been unable to get a single block for its customers. The reports from the plantation have had to do with this condition, and there seems to be a prospect that the stock will not come out of the strong hands in which it is now held, very soon.

The weakest of the many shares is Ewa, which has been sold at 23.75, and it is understood has been offered as low as 23.55. This stock is thought to be coming out on realizations, and not because the prices have been declining in response to any real belief that the price is the normal value. There are many holders of this stock who have felt the pinch of assessments, and it is known that most of the stock sold has been drawn out by the necessity for cash with which to meet demands from other investments. Another point made recently is that of the several private sales which have been made, one purchaser was a man who sold the same stock some time before Christmas, to secure funds for the purpose of meeting the holiday demand, and that by reason of an unexpected windfall he found he had the cash to reinvest, and did so at a small profit, thus having all the fun of the holiday and the stock at a cheaper price.

The year opened with the regular dividends, as follows: C. Brewer & Co., 2 per cent; Ewa, 1 per cent; Waimanalo, 2 per cent; Kahuku, 1 per cent; Oahu, 1/2 per cent.

One feature of the week's trading, which has shown a matter of sympathy with San Francisco, was a decline in Hawaiian Sugar to 28. This stock, as noted in these columns, was at a much lower figure last reports from the coast, and there is no reason to expect any immediate recovery. The difficulties seem to be encouraging buying for investment on the part of local capitalists, for the real value of the shares is well known. There are a few orders for O. R. & L. Co. stock, but the price is below regular sales, and the orders cannot be filled.

REAL ESTATE.

The week's business shows little of interest in the matter of the transfers of real estate. There are several kinds of leases which find ready sale and transfer, but free property is not moving now.

Real estate brokers have been busy during the past week trying to get leases upon Bishop estate property along the proposed new street. There is said to be a hitch which may prevent consummation of some of these leases. One broker said yesterday that the price set for the piece he wanted for a client was on the basis of that paid by Alexander Young for his property, and that the estate wanted a clear 5 per cent revenue upon that valuation, and that the tenant was to pay all taxes and charges. Upon the property there must be erected a building not less than four stories in height, of stone or brick, and this was to revert to the estate at the end of the short term of twenty-four years, which was the longest time for which the lease would be made.

New plans are being drawn for the proposed building which will be put up on Hotel street, between the Young building and the Young Men's Christian Association. The building as suggested would have cost nearly \$50,000, and the new owners of the lot in the ground there will not invest more than \$25,000, if possible, in a two-story building. Dickey & Newcomb are the architects.

There have been few sales of real estate to small buyers. One lot in College Hills is reported, Harry Penhallow being the buyer. There are several kinds of deal which are in prospect in down town property, but none of these have reached the stage of finality.

TRANSPORTS TO GO. TAKES THE POOR CONVICTS OATH

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Secretary Root and Adjutant General Corbin are getting tired of the transport service and are considering the transfer of the tire business to a private company. In this they are opposed by Quartermaster General Ludington and his chief assistant, Colonel Bird, who believe the government is doing its transporting to the Philippines more satisfactorily than private enterprise could. General Corbin said today in conversation with Senator Perkins that the time was about ripe for a change and that Secretary Root shared this view.

"Within a month or two," General Corbin said, "we hope to have offers from the business of transporting supplies and troops to and from the Philippines. This is a matter that should be done by contract, like everything else, but it was in such shape at first that no private contractor could undertake the work on the same terms." Three or four attempts are being made by as many different men looking to the formation of a syndicate for handling this business, which means the permanent establishment of an American-Philippine steamship line. The Pacific Mail is reported to be anxious to get the business, and will probably make an offer. If arrangements are not made with parties now in the field it is probable that the War Department will invite bids. During the past year, according to General Corbin, the government has expended \$9,000,000 on the transport service. Secretary Root believes this can be reduced by contracting. Part of the bargain to be struck with a private company will be to sell the vessels now in the transport service. In this respect some difficulty is looked for, and the government is almost sure to come out at a considerable loss on account of the large expenditures in repairing the transports.

SUCCESS OF THE WIRELESS.

It is Coming Into Commercial Use Abroad.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—The wireless telegraphic system of Mr. Marconi has passed out of the experimental stage and is already being adapted to commercial needs, cables the London correspondent of the Herald. Arrangements have been entered into between the Marconi Company and the London and Brighton Railway and the corresponding French Railway Company to have an installation of a permanent character between New Haven and Dieppe. The departure of boats will be signalled, with instructions as to the amount of luggage, number of passengers and other useful information, and it will no longer be necessary for the friends of the passengers to wait hours at either end when fog has delayed the boats starting.

NEW YORK, Dec. 25.—Mr. Marconi who has been visiting Louisville, will leave for Ottawa, Canada, today, according to a dispatch from Sydney, C. B., to the Herald. Accompanied by Mr. Murray, premier of Nova Scotia, and several others, he has been visiting Louisville inspecting such sites as will probably answer for wireless telegraph stations. Point Percy appears to Mr. Marconi to be well adapted. He says he intends to erect a permanent station on Cape Breton.

THE NEVADAN.

The Nevadan, the first of the local boats for the American-Hawaiian Company, will be launched today at Camden, N. Y. Two months later the Nebraska, her sister ship, will be launched. These two fine freighters will do business between Honolulu and San Francisco. The refrigerating apparatus will be a feature of the boats. The total carrying capacity of the vessels will be 5000 tons. The vessels, which are twin screws, will run on an eight-day schedule between here and the coast. On board the boats there will be special facilities for the handling of live stock. The Nevadan, which leaves New York in March, will probably arrive at San Francisco about the beginning of June. The Nebraska will follow her about two months later.

RAPID TRANSIT FIGURES.

The Company Has a Record Business During December.

The December work of the Rapid Transit Company was most gratifying one for the members of the company. The accounts for the month have been balanced, and the showing made is remarkable. The figures are as follows:

Receipts \$13,125.96
Expenses 7,246.92

Net earnings \$5,879.04

Ratio of expense to income, 55 per cent; total passengers carried, 279,405; regular cars in service, 19.

From this it is apparent that with a record day on January 1st, there is every prospect that the month on which the company has entered so fairly will be even a more progressive one than the last.

Cheap Freight.

(Special to the Advertiser.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 25.—Hawaii is to have steamer freights at nearly the same rate as sailing vessels charge. The steamship Hyades, which was recently chartered by the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, expects to leave here about January 3d for Honolulu. The Hyades will take freight at a net rate of \$3.50 a ton, which is \$1.50 lower than that charged by the regular passenger steamships from here, and about the same asked by windjammers.

The Hyades has been chartered by the American-Hawaiian Company until the arrival of the Nevada and the Nebraska, two big steamships which are now being built in the East. The Hyades will give a regular monthly service and after the beginning of April, when the Nevada and the Nebraska arrive, there will be a bi-weekly service. The American-Hawaiian line will probably run to Hilo, when fully equipped.

General Alger is improving.

BRITISH MUST BE PATIENT

Claims Are Now in Hands of the Embassador.

WASHINGTON is a name with which to conjure among the claimants against the Republic of Hawaii for imprisonment and trial in 1895. Recent advances have been received from the capital of the nation that the State Department has taken under advisement representations made by the British embassy, and that Sir Julian Pauncefote has signified to the representative of the claimants of English allegiance that he hoped to have a favorable reply for them, if only they would wait a while.

In the close relations which have been recently existent between the two countries, brought about during the negotiations of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and its supplement, the injection of the claim of the British subjects for imprisonment and trial here during the time of the rebellion against the republic, came as an unwelcome guest. There was some hesitation about its being considered, but this was overcome and the matter was taken up by the ambassador with Secretary Hay in person.

From information received here it is made known that the State Department has been carefully informed in the premises, and that there is not a step which may be taken that will not be carefully fought over in the light of the presentations made upon previous demands for the facts in the case, from the department. It is said that there will be no more testimony required, as the facts which are contained in the affidavits taken on with the most recent presentation of the case, and the former statements of the government are sufficient.

The attorney in this prosecution of the claims is former Judge W. L. Stanley. He was chosen to undertake the matter soon after the death of the late Paul Neumann, and when upon his trip to his former home in Ireland, he passed through Washington and laid his case before the British embassy and finally before the State Department. It is understood that the injunction to wait patiently came from the attorney to the interested men here, and that there will be no further information until the return through the capital of the attorney.

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Too Many Points of Interest.

Lillookalani observes with great regret a tendency to let the Isthmian canal, reciprocity and other minor topics crowd her claims for financial consideration at the hands of the government to one side.—Washington Star.

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

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NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.
Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For further particulars apply to
DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples and sores of all kinds, it is a never failing and permanent cure.
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all impure matter.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles of 25¢ each, and in cases containing six bottles for \$1.50. It is sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS. MEDICINE VENDOR THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. PROPRIETORS: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamping and "Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S.

NEW YORK LINE

BARK NUANU

will sail from NEW YORK for HONOLULU, on or about

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If sufficient inducements are offered

For freight rates apply to
CHAS. BREWER & CO.,
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Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST.
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Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

S. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

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Castle & Cooke, Ltd.

HONOLULU.

Commission Merchants.

SUGAR FACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

The Ewa Plantation Co.
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Fort and Merchant Streets, and Bethel Street, Honolulu.

Dealers in Hardware and General Merchandise.

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New Automatic Sewing Machines

The Best family Machine Made.

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The Galena Lubricating Oils, for railroad use exclusively—used on 95 per cent of the railways of the United States.

The Vacuum Oil Co.'s Lubricating—guaranteed to give the best results.

Standard Lubricating Oils—more extensively used than any others.

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Silex Cement Wash.

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Kilfly and Sprayers.



Hawaiian Gazette.

Entered at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-Class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per Month, Foreign \$ 50
Per Month, Foreign \$ 75
Per Year, Foreign \$ 5.00
Per Year, Foreign \$ 6.00
—Payable Invariably in Advance.—A. W. PEARSON,
Manager.

TUESDAY : : JANUARY 7.

General Wood will be a stern referee if the Cubans get to fighting. There will be no clinching.

The small farmer seems to be getting in upon some of the choice lands on Hawaii all the time.

None of the British claimants have quit business because of the chances of realizing upon the six-year-old claims.

The Kewalo sewer looms up as a possibility in the near future with an additional allowance for public works expenses.

Texas may have to put a fence around her plains to sell the sugar which it is planned to raise with convict labor.

Schley has a legitimate kick coming when both Miles and Dewey want to use his own press notices to get into the public eye.

Necley's trial, now on at Havana, should develop just what luxuries should be provided for an employee by a grateful people.

Pearl Harbor opening looks closer at hand when a tug is at work getting supplies ready for the actual work of dredging out the bar.

Chauncey M. Depew has spent many years going to banquets laying up a stock of precedents for staying out late, which his new wife must not overlook.

Amid the jockeying for effect the public is still in doubt as to whether Miles, Dewey or Schley is getting warmest in the hunt for the Democratic Presidential nomination?

If Aguinaldo could secure his release at Manila he might find a field for his peculiar talents among the South American republics, where revolutions are a constantly recurring fashion.

General Maso must believe Palma took lessons of Tammany while in New York. He studied politics while the old leader fought, and knows the ballot battle's rules too thoroughly to be beaten.

The Congressional Record is once more in circulation, but it has not added an art department or a fashion supplement. Even as a standard publication, however, is talking about means for working up circulation.

The Advertiser's presses were busy yesterday turning out the third edition of the New Year number, and enough copies were sold to almost swamp the Gaelic mails. The wheels will keep going around until the public demand is satisfied.

Young Senator Kamehameha Schools must have been as greatly surprised to find himself dubbed "grand old man" as was J. Kaula to see his speech and achievements accredited to another. Col. Pitch might sympathize with both.

Members of Congress, after mature deliberation, seem to have decided that the best way to dispose of the national surplus is to declare a dividend, which they as the people's representatives will collect. They call it a salary increase, however.

It is safe to say Tillman did not have the traditional feeling of good will which the governor of his State possessed when he made his historical remark to his neighbor, on the occasion of his remark to McLaurin, "Have a resignation with me."

After years of question asking and frankness Minister Wu has bitterly learned on his western trip that Americans applaud freely his remark that Chinese should enter this country freely. But it is friendliness, not conviction, that prompts the outburst.

The treasury is now swelled by the \$20,000,000 surplus which is increasing daily. Economy is the cry in Congress, but Wilcox would make that bank account look like thirty cents if he could get through his Hawaiian bills.

Mayor Low aspires to the strenuous life and will not be happy until he has an army officer for Chief of Police of New York. General Corbin suggests a law permitting an officer on the active list to take such service, but any such suggestion from him will be viewed with suspicion by friends of General Miles.

From a misapprehension of the statistics of the sugar crop for 1902, published yesterday, the total there given was incorrect. The estimates made were from nine agencies only, aggregating 281,000 tons. It is early yet for an estimate of the entire crop, which will be six months in harvesting, but the present outlook is extremely promising. The rains have been ample and general throughout the Territory. The total crop for 1901 was 350,000 tons. The crop for 1902 will, owing to the drought last year prevailing in a few districts, probably be somewhat less, although the present fine weather may raise the estimate somewhat.

POVERTY AND ITS REMEDY.

We do not doubt that there is distress in Cuba. There always has been and there always will be so long as the people will not work, and that would be true of the people of the best country on earth. "Root, hog or die," is a homely saying, but it urges a truth of wide application. The Cubans are an indolent people of whom there are types in most tropical lands. They are averse to the strenuous life and would rather avoid its requirements than to escape poverty. Since the war of 1895 they look to the United States as an eleemosynary institution, somewhat as did the freedmen after the civil war who thought it was the duty of the government to give each negro forty acres and a mule. To that is mainly due their present wretchedness. They are waiting for something good to drop into their laps, which they can reach without effort, and while they wait they starve.

The kindest way to deal with the Cubans is to throw them on their own resources, and let them "develop on American lines." They have a rich country, which will produce a good many articles of staple value. Their land is cheap and well-watered. If they cannot make a living there, when the Equimaux can in Grinnell land and the Senegambians can under the equator and the Dervishes can on the sands of the Soudan and the Mexicans can peons in their tropical country, then they are too worthless to bother about. But assuredly the Cubans are as good as the Mexicans, and when given the incentive of dire need would probably work out their own salvation. Give them a chance.

But don't help them at the expense of great American industries. Charity begins at home.

THE ELECTRIC SITUATION.

In connection with the death of the young clerk at McNerny's store last week, caused by an electric switch, the Advertiser editorially commented upon the necessity of inspectors of wires and meters. There is no intention on the part of this paper of impugning the honor or the honesty of any one of the officials or companies involved, and such a meaning of any words used is disclaimed.

The point, and the sole point, which the Advertiser desires to emphasize is that with two sets of wires connected with the government electric light plant; the innumerable wires of the telephone company; the all-pervading wires of the electric light company and the trolley wires of the Rapid Transit Company, to which are now being added two more sets of wires for the Police Call and Fire Alarm Systems, the necessity for inspection and regulation of wires and wiring, is urgent; and incidentally that meters also should be inspected.

So far as meters are concerned, while the company is unquestionably sending honest bills for the quantity of electric current as indicated on the meters, the belief that these instruments are not exact in their measurement is so general, that we believe that it is in the interest of the company itself that an impartial official inspector be appointed to whom any dissatisfied customer may appeal. We know of a case in point where within the month, suspicion and dissatisfaction were allayed by the calling in of an outside electrician who tested the suspected meter and found it registering correctly.

As to the tangle of wires which exists and must exist until some systematic and independent inspection and control takes place, the fact that four people have thus far been killed by accidental contact therewith, removes the question from the region of argument. It is impossible for seven separate systems of wiring to be installed in the same territory and controlled by as many separate men or organizations, without danger of interference. Again the interests of the companies involved, as well as of the public, will be subserved by independent inspection. The wiring companies, the public and the Department of Public Works are to be congratulated upon the prompt appointment of an inspector, and we believe that every reasonable suggestion made by him looking toward the achievement of greater safety in the control of the necessary but deadly electricity will be cheerfully and promptly complied with.

CUBA'S FIRST CAMPAIGN.

From the present prospect there will be need for the calling out of the Americans forces in Cuba, but the next time for the purpose of keeping the peace between warring factions of the people of the island.

Every report which comes from Havana concerning the political campaign indicates there will be a great fight before the Maso contingent will permit the Palma folk to carry off the election and the offices too without shedding of blood. The retirement from the canvass of all officials of that faith, and their denouncing of the central board, will mean, in the light of the Cuba of the past, only that there is to be a great contest before the citizens accept the result of the first balloting in the newly freed island.

The troubles arose over the allegation of the members of the Maso committee that the General Board of Scrutiny are members of the Palma Executive Campaign Committee and were also candidates for office on that ticket. The conditions were such that one delegate to Washington to ask that the election be postponed until the last of January, said that it would be impossible to hold an honest election. Governor-General Wood was at that time in Washington, asking for tariff concessions for Cuba and could not see that there was anything to justify such allegations, and so would not give the extension of time for the campaign, nor would he change the membership of the committee. This caused the Masotes to withdraw from the canvass. Resolutions were passed to the effect that the central board was composed of partisans; that Maso, after exhausting all the means in his power to insure that the coming elections would be carried out under conditions which impartiality and rectitude and justice required for acts of such importance in the establishment of government had become convinced that

neither in official circles in Washington nor in Cuba, does any intention exist to see that the elections are carried out with sufficient legality to secure that real wish of the Cuban people, which is to freely elect the first Constitutional government and to have their ideas reflected by their representatives. In virtue of this letter they have decided not to go to the elections and to withdraw the entire candidates of the Maso party on the island. All representatives on electoral boards belonging to the coalition will resign. The party will issue a manifesto to the country explaining thoroughly the reasons for the withdrawal.

Commenting on the above the Lucha says this is the right course to pursue, as the elections would be an entire fraud which would be justified if the Maso element went to the polls. The official organs say that the withdrawal of the Maso people is a sign of weakness which was prompted by a desire to hide their lack of strength.

The Diaria de la Marina says that inasmuch as Maso is backed by the conservative and better element there will be no trouble.

The Republica Cubana says the Cubans themselves are to blame for the whole trouble, because those who are falsifying elections are Cubans who do not care what happens to the country in their greed for office.

A PROPHET FOR PROFIT.

In spite of the endeavors of the authorities of the State of Illinois, John Alexander Dowle, the "prophet" of "Zion" of Chicago, keeps on his way, doing business along many lines and rapidly nearing that condition which he has often described as "the richest man in the West." He is the head of everything in the community, which gives him as banker, wholesale merchant, manufacturer and retailer and real estate agent and builder practical control of the affairs of the city he is promoting.

The private funds he has amassed, the deposits made in his private banks and all the resources of a church which numbers thousands of fanatics, all are being manipulated by this shrewd operator, who only a few years ago passed through this city from Australia. It is said, with not more than \$100 in his pocket. The hold he has gained over the many who have left all to follow his teachings, has given the idea that it is through a species of hypnotism that he secures his control of the people. Whatever the means it is a fact that now he is securing all the aid that he needs, and the more the authorities try to press upon him the greater is the belief of his disciples. One of the backsliders said that the prophet was the "whole thing" in Zion, and there was no one to say him nay. Continuing, according to the New York Sun's account of the incident:

The backslider testified that to join Zion you have to "repent, restore that which you have taken, restore it to Dowle, (presumably), confess, and promise to obey implicitly the Overseer of the Lord." That Dowle's people fear him and believe that he can call down the curse of God upon their heads; that Dowle had threatened to curse Dwight L. Moody if Mr. Moody did not cease attacking the Overseer of the Lord, and that Mr. Moody's death was called by the prophet a punishment for those attacks. The backslider also testified that he at one time believed that Dowle could call down the curse and could heal the sick by his prayers. The witness had a family and friends and business relations in England and didn't want to come to this country, but Dowle commanded him to come, "in the name of the Lord," and there was no staying. Dowle would wave his hands and hold the witness close to his body when praying with him.

Magnetism, mesmerism, hypnotism—some or all of these influences radiated from the prophet and compelled obedience on the part of the "believers." It was shown at the trial that he "has been known to clasp persons close to his breast until they have been affected by the magnetism of his person and have, according to his disciples, gone from his presence into the world as thoroughly mesmerized as possible, and a distinctly subversive part of the "believers." The attorney for the backslider insisted that Dowle came to the United States from Australia with only \$100 in his pocket and has mesmerized several million dollars. Whatever be the explanation of his power over his converts, the power seems to be virtually absolute. No other human or medicine man has more docile followers or has ever made the business so profitable. The amount of credulity in the world seems to be an invariable quantity. Or is it greater than ever in an age often deemed unbelieving?

HAWAIIANS IN THE NAVY.

The coming of the training ship Mohican and the prospect that the Adams may be sent down as station vessel for a time opens an opportunity for Hawaiian youth that should not be overlooked.

As a part of the nation Hawaii now has at the naval academy an accented cadet, though it may be a cause of regret that the youth is not native to the soil, and in time there will be others. The next generation may be able to contemplate a Hawaiian officer flying his flag from a first-class battleship and from the long line of ancestry with men who have lived by and on the sea he cannot but be a worthy representative of his country. But as all cannot enter the navy by way of Annapolis, the humbler doorway must not be overlooked.

The plans for the education of American youth as seamen have reached a stage which indicates a revival of the days when the tars under the stars and stripes were remarked everywhere for personal bravery and intelligent action. The traditions of the navy rest no less upon bravery of the men than gallantry of the officer. To the young Hawaiian the sea is familiar from birth and the opportunity for a career upon a warship of the nation is now being placed at his hand. The apprentice boys who are taken in hand, on training ships and in the training schools, are turned out equipped with good general educations, with excellent command of their chosen profession and the future will show that the majority of the warrant officers of the navy are to be drawn from these sailors.

The rise in the navy is not so rapid as in the army, but there is always room for an active, thoughtful man just ahead. Hawaiians have shone as sailors wherever they have been tried, and there is a future for lads who take advantage of the new conditions to serve under the flag.

STRAIGHTEN HOTEL STREET.

With Hotel street straightened as to the block between Alaska and Union streets, and negotiations rapidly coming to a head as regards the little corner plot at the streets named, the continuance of the nuisance which has been brought so prominently before the eyes of the people for the four months past becomes intolerable.

Superintendent of Public Works Boyd has worked hard in this matter for more than two months, but his efforts at a peaceful settlement have been consistently blocked by the refusal of the owners of the property to listen to any reasonable proposals for settlement. It seems to an outsider that there has been even a stretching of official courtesy in this case. Why the entire population of a city should be compelled to endure discomfort, simply because the owner of a strip of land, which the government has announced its intention to take, will not accept what the officials deem a reasonable offer, is almost beyond comprehension.

Superintendent Boyd in November gravely announced that he had made a proposition to the owners of the property, had offered such a strip of land as he thought the equivalent of that which must be taken and if the owners were not ready to accept, then he would be compelled to call for a condemnation commission, which would fix the damage and the benefit as well, and in this way secure a speedy opening of the street.

Months have passed, street cars still are slowed down when approaching the corner, the people feel the inconvenience, yet nothing tangible is done. Perhaps now that there is a prospect of action further along the street, Mr. Boyd will resume negotiations for that stone wall and push them along until he acquires the rock, and there will be no delay in clearing away an obstruction to this important thoroughfare.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. J. S. Pratt is seriously ill at her home at Nuuanu and Judd streets. Mrs. Grace Kahalewai, sister of Mrs. James A. Boyd, is reported to be critically ill.

Yesterday was the sixth anniversary of the revolution which started at Diamond Head.

Pacific Rebekeh Lodge, I. O. O. F., will have an installation of officers tomorrow evening.

Miss Margaret Nape and W. H. Field were married at Maunaloa, Maui, on December 31, 1901.

Paymaster Hall, U. S. N., is again on duty in his office, having recovered from his severe illness.

Miss Emma Meyer, youngest daughter of O. S. Meyer, of Kalua, Molokai, died on New Year's day.

The petition for a writ of error in the Bishop Estate appeal case will be presented to Judge Estee Thursday.

The American-Hawaiian Company's freighter Hyades, from San Francisco, is expected here about January 13.

The Rapid Transit is filling in several places on Hotel street where the rails project above the street level.

Capt. T. B. Murray, of the National Guard, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is rapidly improving.

The Superintendent of Public Works and the Road Supervisor made a tour of inspection of the streets yesterday.

There are many applicants for the position of Pacific Mail wharf, made vacant by the death of Archie Gillilan.

K. Imal came to Honolulu on the Gaelic Friday, and will make a study of the sugar industry here. His home is in Sumatra.

The Elks are arranging for the performance of the "Mikado" in the near future, and have appointed a committee to take charge.

The shells of the Healan Yacht and Boat Club are being thoroughly overhauled. The Olympic Club shell will be remodeled and stiffened.

Speaker J. A. Akina, of the House of Representatives, has notified Governor Dole of the vacancy in the Fourth District caused by Mr. Gillilan's death.

James Steiner and family have given up their town residence for good, and are now comfortably settled in their remodeled Waikiki place, "Seawall," on the beach.

Mrs. Genevra Johnstone Bishop, of Chicago, has been engaged to take an active part in Handel's "Messiah," which will be rendered by the Philharmonic Society on February 14th.

Madame Genevra Johnstone Bishop, of Los Angeles, the noted soprano, has been secured by Professor Hallacyus, of Oahu College, to take the solo part in Handel's "Messiah," which will be given next month.

The Brothers of St. Louis College are giving their annual exhibition of the Holy Land in miniature. The entire scenery is the work of the Brothers, and as there is no admission charge, the entertainment should be well attended.

Superintendent Boyd received a report yesterday from W. G. Walker, of the North Hilo board upon the condition of the roads in that district. He believes \$10,000 will be needed to make the necessary repairs and improvements.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock Manuel De Corte, a Portuguese, working on the Young building, was struck on the leg by an iron bar, sustaining a compound fracture. The patrol wagon was summoned and conveyed the injured man to the Queen's Hospital.

It has been discovered that leaks in tin roofs in many business houses have been caused by telephone and electric company line-men. The men are provided with ankle spurs for climbing the poles. In walking over roofs the spur points puncture the tin coverings, thus causing leaks which are much in evidence during rain storms.

There will be a scurrying of small feet in the direction of the schools this morning. The Christmas and New Year's vacation is over, and pencils, slates and all the paraphernalia of the schoolboy's outfit will again be subjected to the wear and tear of hard study. The teachers, who have been enjoying their vacations on other islands, returned Saturday and yesterday on the Kinau, Claudine and the Mikahala.

Catarrh

Is a discharge from the mucous membrane of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, etc., when kept in a state of inflammation by an impure condition of the blood and a want of tone in the system.

Soothe the inflamed membrane, strengthen the weakened system, and the discharge will stop—to do this purify the blood.

"I was troubled with catarrh for years and tried various remedies but found nothing that would cure me. I then resolved to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and took four bottles which entirely cured me. I have never been troubled with catarrh since. As a blood purifier I can find nothing else equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla." WILLIAM SHEPHERD, 1009 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures catarrh radically and permanently—removes its cause and overcomes all its effects.
Accept no substitute.

BUSINESS CARDS.

LYLE A. DICKEY.—Attorney at Law and Notary Public, P. O. box 786, Honolulu, H. L. King and Bethel Sts.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers & J. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Manufacturers of every description made to order.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line
Tickets are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:
Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver.
Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to
THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000
Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 5,500,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks 40,500,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice crops, and all losses in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD
FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time-keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H. F. WICHMAN
BOX 342.

Obstructed the Mails.

Henry Peter, a drayman in the employ of E. Peck & Co., and William Manase, an ex-policeman, were arrested Saturday by Marshal Hendry on a charge of obstructing the United States mails. Mail Carrier John Silva is the complaining witness, and he claims the prisoners assaulted him on New Year's day on Queen street while in the performance of his duty.

Homburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

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CAMPBELL SOCIETY FUNCTION

Hawaiians Have a Good Time at San Jose.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Many leading Hawaiians in California have been invited to a dinner to be given by Miss Abbie Campbell, at the Hotel St. James, San Jose, on New Year's day. Miss Campbell is the rich and beautiful daughter of the late James Campbell, the well known planter of Hawaii, and with her mother and sisters, is spending most of her time in San Jose. It is understood that the dinner is in honor of Miss Campbell's birthday.

Among those who will go will be Prince David, Samuel Parker, Judge Gear, George Davis, Mrs. Carmichael, Mrs. C. S. Holloway and many others. The cards for the dinner read as follows:

"Miss Campbell requests the pleasure of your company at dinner, Wednesday, January 1, 1902, at 6:30 o'clock. Hotel St. James, San Jose."

Prince David gave a dinner the day after Christmas at the Palace Hotel to Samuel Parker, Judge Gear, and George Davis. They were a merry four, and over their dishes and glasses talked about the people and politics of Hawaii. Prince David expects to return to Hawaii on January 4. He may have as a companion, Judge Gear. Geo. Davis, who intended to sail on the Sonoma which left here two days ago, has now made up his mind to go to Washington, where he will oppose Attorney General Dole, in the matter of the constitutional rights of territorial prisoners in Honolulu. Sam Parker will accompany Davis, and maybe Gear will go also.

Parker confesses now that his telegram to Judge Gear, of four days ago, reading, "Kepoikai Third Judge," was premature, and that the third judge of the First Circuit Court of Hawaii has not yet been appointed. The contest lies between Robinson and Kepoikai. The Kepoikai campaign is being waged by Parker, who has told Washington people that Kepoikai is a native, and former judge under the monarchy, a staunch Republican, and an honest man. Robinson is termed a mediator, and it is reported that the Island people would not like his appointment on account of his being so new to Hawaii.

Hawaiians will be interested in a swimming match which is to take place next week at the Lurline Baths here. The contestants will be J. C. Wilson, William Hopkins, Harry Smith and Edgar Mizner, all leading society men and members of the Bohemian Club. Mizner is a brother of Addison Mizner, the fat painter of Honolulu. The conditions of the match require that the contestants shall swim eight times across the tank. Edgar Mizner has a Yukon river record for long distance swimming, and Louis Sloan, Jr., has made heavy bets that Mizner will leave the others puffing behind. The match is for a case of champagne, and intense interest is being taken in it by Bohemian clubmen and others.

Honolulu has been cheated of the society of a newly-married couple, who intended to make a honeymoon trip to the Islands. The pair are William G. Blatt, western manager for Pligree & Smith, the well known shoe firm of Detroit, Mich., and Mrs. Grace Wilson, a rich widow of Denver. Blatt is very well known here, and is a wealthy man. He came here about two weeks ago from Detroit, and has been living at the Palace Hotel. His fiancé had it all planned out that immediately after their marriage they would sail for Honolulu, and preparations were made toward that end. Mrs. Wilson had prepared an elaborate trousseau, with many dainty, light frocks for the tropics. They were married in a very private manner, and after the ceremony received the congratulations of their friends in the parlors of the Palace Hotel. They left here for Del Monte, and will go East from there. It is now their intention to visit Honolulu in the spring.

Miss Ernestine Coughran, lately a newspaper reporter in Honolulu, is interested in a sensational suit filed here yesterday. The Kern River Oil Company, Consolidated, accuses Notary Public P. C. Moseback and Martin Jones, and A. Rosenblum, its sureties, of crookedness. The oil company claims that deeds to oil land, in Kern county, California, for which the company paid \$4,000, are valueless by reason of the fact that the original owners of the land did not sign the deeds in the presence of the notary, as he had testified they did. Among the original owners of the land was Miss Coughran.

I fear that I was misinformed, when I wrote that James Doolittle, formerly city editor of the Honolulu Republican, was dead. The report here was that Doolittle passed away from consumption in Denver, Colo., but as a visitor here declares he saw Doolittle in another Colorado town a few days ago, it is probable that he is still on earth. A funny writer in the Fresno Republican has the following to say about C. O. Ziegenfuss, who will be remembered as the wealthy and weary city editor of the Republican during the first few months of that paper's existence:

A copy of the Manila American, C. O. Ziegenfuss, editor, is at hand and there is every indication that "Zieg." has established a lodge of the Bocho Club down there and is spreading Americanism all over those fly-speck islands. At least there is an exultant tone in an editorial note announcing the arrival of over a ton of corkscrews. No nation can long wallow in the slough of savagery where there is a large and constant demand for soap and corkscrews together with these comments that "Zieg." will see to it that the Filipino shall be armed with the proper implement of American citizenship and thoroughly instructed in its use.

Western pot hunters are resorting to the shipment of game in milk cans in order to evade the game laws. Three innocent looking new milk cans seized in St. Paul recently were found to contain one hundred partridges.

R. W. BRECKONS, NAMED FOR U. S. DIST. ATTORNEY OF HAWAII



HUMPHREYS NOW ATTACKS THURM'S HAWAIIAN ANNUAL

Humphreys perpetrated a little joke yesterday afternoon at the expense of the Judiciary Department. Stung by the exposure of his extravagances and unwarranted expenditures of public moneys, he took occasion to censure Clerk Henry Smith for the expenditure of about twenty-five dollars for the distribution of Thurm's annual among the various State and Territorial libraries, a practice which has been in vogue in Hawaii for years, long before Humphreys set foot on its shores.

The Hawaiian reports are published biennially and then distributed broadcast to the various state secretaries in exchange for law reports from their respective States. As many of the States issue reports quarterly, the Hawaiian Library received on an average six or eight books, where they sent one in exchange. It is the custom, therefore, to supplement the Hawaiian reports by other publications dealing with Hawaii, for filling in the various libraries of the States. For ten years and more Thurm's Annual has formed a part of this exchange bureau, being forwarded with the "Compliments of the Supreme Court."

About fifty copies of the annual were ordered as usual this year, and for the past week have been upon the counter in the clerk's office wrapped and ready for mailing. Nobody knows what made Humphreys investigate, but he evidently noticed that something was being done without first securing permission of the "Honorable First Judge of the First Circuit."

He tells the story of himself in the following letter, which he caused to be filed in the court records, so that all might know of his highly virtuous attempt to inaugurate a policy of economy in his department, upon the suggestion the Advertiser recently made.

Honolulu, January 3rd, 1902.
Henry Smith, Esq.,

Clerk of the Judiciary Department,
Dear Sir:—In passing through the Clerk's office this morning, I noticed a large number of parcels wrapped and addressed for mailing, and upon inquiring learned that the packages contained copies of a publication entitled "The Hawaiian Annual." Further inquiry developed the fact that the copies of the publication in question were purchased out of funds appropriated by the legislature for "Expenses of Supreme and Circuit Court (to include pay of grand jurors)." I am informed further, that no order has been made by any person thereto authorized, for the purchase of the Annuals, but that it has been customary in times past for the clerk to purchase a number of them for distribution through the mail. It cannot be said with any degree of reason that these books are sent to various State officials in exchange for the law reports of such States, as we are sending to such States in exchange for their reports, copies of the Hawaiian Reports; besides I notice that several of the parcels are addressed to parties who are not official publications.

"The Hawaiian Annual" is published as a purely private and individual enterprise. It is in no sense official, nor does it appear to speak authoritatively for any official or department of the government; and while the compilation of statistical matter is interesting and useful, the value of the publication as a whole is in a great measure destroyed by the intemperate and intensely partisan character of some of the articles contained in it. I refer particularly to the article entitled, "Retrospect for 1901," p. 138. You might with equal reason have purchased a number of copies of the "Aloha Song Book," with public funds, and have scattered them broadcast over the country, as to have purchased the publication in question, and perhaps more so, for you would not then have placed yourself and this department in the unenviable position of circulating a publication containing a radical and partisan assault upon the co-ordinate department of the government. The particular publication, however, is not so much involved as is, what appears to me, to be a reckless and extravagant expenditure of public money out of funds solemnly appropriated for "the necessary expenses of the Supreme and Circuit Courts."

The purchase by you of these books is wholly unjustifiable in law, in principle and in reason, and as a Circuit Judge, I earnestly and emphatically protest against it.

Yours truly,
A. S. HUMPHREYS,
First Judge.

The fact of the matter is that the bill had never been referred to him for approval and it is not a court expense which comes under his jurisdiction, being referred to the Chief Justice, and coming out of the fund for incidentals, the purchase of law books, etc.

"This custom has been followed for years," said Henry Smith yesterday in reference to this matter. "The Hawaiian reports are published once in two years, while the majority of the States give us quarterly publications of law reports in exchange. Therefore it has always been the practice to supplement our reports, with other publications of Hawaii, which might fill out the discrepancy. Thurm's Annual was sent to these Secretaries of States, as any other book containing valuable information and statistics. We get the most of our additions to the Supreme Court library, free of cost to us, the only purchases being of text books. In this way we get law books worth about \$2000 with an expenditure of less than \$200. If this is extravagance and not in keeping with the appropriation made for the purpose, I am willing to stop it, and will bear the expense out of my own pocket, if there is any question of it."

The particular part to which Humphreys, the "Republican" Judge, makes objection, and in which no doubt lies the real animus for the attack upon the Judiciary clerk is the paragraph reflecting upon the Home Rule Legislature, that passed his pet bailiiff bill. The following extracts from Thurm's Annual are the ones referred to in the letter which Humphreys made public yesterday:

The strong majority of Home Rulers elected to both houses of the legislature gave that party the opportunity to do great things for Hawaii and the people whose interests they professed to hold dear, but it early became manifest that incompetency predominated the ranks, egotism possessed the would-be leaders and senseless opposition was shown on various occasions against government measures in general and the Governor in particular.

The republican minority of both houses did well in saving the country from a number of disgraceful measures. Persistent effort was made to saddle the city with a fifty-year franchise in favor of the Tramway Company; attempt was made to legalize gambling, and to revive kahunism; compulsory vaccination was repealed and a reduction of dog tax made a pet measure. An act to create Counties and Municipalities, ill drawn and badly considered in the lower house was passed by them for the senate to amend, but that body passed it defiantly, with all its crudities, because the minority did not like it as it stood. Much disappointment was felt by them at the bill meeting with a "pocket veto," for the Home Rulers and a certain foreign element hoped thereby to "curtail the Governor's power by placing appointments and expenditures in the hands of native voters organized to put down the power of the whites."

Practically the whole session was taken up with childish wrangling. Desirable measures for the promotion of government and public welfare were neglected or studiously blocked in committee, as in the case of the loan measure and appropriation bills, expecting thereby to force an extension of the session which had been refused them on the ground that "the methods of the present session had been so wasteful of both time and money with little to show for a large expenditure of public funds."

At the close of the regular term they were immediately called in special session to consider the appropriations, and the same inability to confine themselves to the duty they were called for was manifest. The time limit expired before the act was through its third reading and the session had to be extended several days for this purpose, finally adjourning July 26th, at an expense to the country of \$45,000 for its term of sixty days and \$45,000 for its thirty days extra session; far exceeding the most expensive previous legislative known in these Islands, which was in 1886, when \$49,984.08 was required to defray the expenses of its long session of 125 days.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 26.—Governor John R. Rogers died this evening. The new Governor is Henry G. McBride.

WELLER WINNER Takes Two Races at the Hilo Meeting.

HILO, January 2.—The first day of Hilo's winter racing meet was certainly a great success. The weather, which had been threatening, cleared up in time to harden the track and make good sport a surety.

The race of the day was the mile dash, free for all. Not until the last moment was the race decided, and then little McAuliffe, who piloted Weller during the race, pulled the grand old horse under the wire in the nick of time.

The horses got off well together, and Weller, who was on the outside, swung very quickly and took the pole. The whips were piled vigorously coming down the stretch, but just at the last moment when the race seemed to be any one's, McAuliffe landed his mount under the wire a length to the good in the phenomenal time of 1:45 1/4. This is the Hilo track record.

Frank S. showed that he was still in the business by winning the half mile dash for the criterion cup in 50 1/4, quite easily.

Del Vista showed the crowd a trick or two in the six-eighths, by winning handily in 1:30 1/4.

The five-eighths dash was the closest race of the day. Molly Connors led all the way around.

Frank S. won the last race, a half-mile dash, quite easily, Princess Leota being the only other horse in the running.

FIRST DAY'S EVENTS.

The summary of the first day's races is as follows:

Three-eighths mile dash:
1. Twinkle, b. m., McAuliffe.
2. Philip, s. g., Cody.
3. Bushwhacker, s. h., Thomas.
Time, 38.

One mile dash, free for all; Hilo Track Cup:
Weller, s. h., McAuliffe.

Carter Harrison, Jr., b. g., Thomas.
Scotiast, b. h., Cody.

Time, 1:45 1/4; won driving by a length.
Del Vista also ran; time is new track record.

Half mile dash, free for all, Criterion Cup:
Frank S., b. g., McAuliffe.

Nullah, b. m., Golden.
Royal Fan, s. m., Cody.

Time, 50 1/4; won easily by a half length.

One mile dash, free for all; Hilo Mercantile Cup:
Dixie Land, b. h., Golden.

Piero, br. h., Cody.
Alpheus, b. h., McAuliffe.

Time, 1:50 1/4; won easily by one and three-fourths lengths.

Half mile dash for Japanese owned horses; no time or names of horses taken.

8 x furlongs dash, free for all:
Del Vista, s. m., Golden.

Rejected, b. g., Burns.
Piero, b. g., Vidi.

Time, 1:29 1/4; won easily by three lengths.

Five-furlongs dash, free for all:
Molly Connors, s. m., Leonard.

Nullah, b. m., Cody.
Princess Leota, b. m., McAuliffe.

Time, 1:05; this race resulted in a dead heat between Molly Connors and Nullah. In the run off, Nullah was scratched and Molly went over the course alone.

Japanese half-mile dash, no time or horses taken.

Half-mile dash, free for all:
Frank S., b. g., McAuliffe.

Princess Leota, b. m., Cody.
Rejected, b. g., Burns.

Time, 52; won easily by three lengths.

The crowd at Honolulu Park on Thursday afternoon was much smaller than that of the previous day. Owing to a variety of circumstances, the second day's racing was disappointing. All of day's races scheduled were handicaps. Kicks and disagreements were as rare as nosepicks in Honolulu, no one being satisfied with the weights allotted to the horses.

The first race proved to be somewhat of a disappointment to those who had picked Molly Connors to win the event. A collision at the start between Molly and Frank S. fixed the mare. Frank S. came home well in hand in 50 1/4, with Nullah driving a length behind.

The most exciting race of the day was the five furlongs dash. Rejected was the favorite, but was left at the pole through his inability to get off with the others. Royal Fan and Princess Leota ran neck and neck. Not an inch separated the two horses, and thus they circled the track. At the half, Golden pulled the bat on the Fan, but McAuliffe was satisfied with hand riding his mount. Together they swept under the wire, but those who were standing under the wire opposite the judges' stand, claim that the Princess was a nose ahead. It certainly looked like the black's race from the line's box, but the judges called the race a dead heat. The time was 1:06 1/4.

In the run off of the Princess Leota-Royal Fan dead heat the crowd came to their feet on the jump. It was a repetition of the first race. McAuliffe rode home a neck ahead. The time was 1:07.

The six furlongs handicap was the race about which most excitement centered. Weller (128 pounds); Molly Connors (115 pounds); Piero (150 pounds); Del Vista (117 pounds); and Carter Harrison (121 pounds) were the horses which reached the starter's flag. The race was close up to the first quarter when Carter Harrison blew up in the air, and Weller took the lead with Del Vista second. Thus they went to the wire, Weller opening up the gap to two lengths. Del Vista finished second by a neck, and Molly Connors third. Time, 1:38 1/4.

The consolation race went to Royal Fan. There were but two other horses in the running, Alpheus and Piero. Piero trailed to the wire, finishing three lengths to the rear of Royal Fan, who won in 1:21 1/4.

NASHUA, N. H., Dec. 28.—A dense fog and a misplaced switch in the north yard of the Boston and Maine railroad in this city today caused the wrecking of the "Cannon-ball Express" bound from Montreal for Boston. Two men were killed instantly and about half a dozen persons were injured.

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Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing: disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

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Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN. FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

COPTIC	JAN. 4	GAELIC	JAN. 8
AMERICA MARU	JAN. 11	HONGKONG MARU	JAN. 11
PEKING	JAN. 18	CHINA	JAN. 20
GAELIC	JAN. 28	DORIC	JAN. 31
HONGKONG MARU	FEB. 6	NIPPON MARU	FEB. 8
CHINA	FEB. 14	PERU	FEB. 16
DORIC	FEB. 22	COPTIC	FEB. 25
NIPPON MARU	MARCH 4	AMERICA MARU	MARCH 4
PERU	MARCH 12	PEKING	MARCH 12
COPTIC	MARCH 20	GAELIC	MARCH 22
AMERICA MARU	MARCH 28	HONGKONG MARU	MARCH 29

For general information apply to P. M. S. S. Co.

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

WHARF AND WAVE.

ARRIVED.

Friday, January 3.
S. S. Ishtar, Hamilton, from the Orient; 5 p. m.
S. S. Coptic, Rinder, from San Francisco; 5:45 p. m.
Am. schr. G. W. Watson, Cass, 22 days from Astoria; 12:45 p. m.

Saturday, January 4.

Am. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, 16 days from San Francisco.
Str. James Maher, Tullitt, from Ahukini, Kilauea and Hamamau, at 7:20 a. m., with 5,250 bags sugar, 15 packages sundries.
Str. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, from Hamamau, Kilauea and Eleele, at 6:30 a. m., with 3,288 bags sugar.
Schr. Lady Nelson, from Koolau ports; 7 a. m.
Str. Kinai, Freeman, from Hilo and way ports.
Str. Lenua, Napala, from Maui and Molokai ports.

Sunday, January 5.

Str. Kalulani, Bennett, from Hawaii.
Str. Claudine, Parker, from Maui ports.
Str. Waleale, Piltz, from Kaula.
Str. Mikahala, Gregory, from Nawiliwili.
Str. Kaena, from Pearl Harbor.

Monday, January 6.

Am. schr. Bertie Minor, Raven, 12 days from Eureka; 9 a. m.
Am. schr. Fry, 13 days from San Francisco.

DEPARTED.

Friday, January 3.
Gaso, schr. Eclipse, Townsend, for Lahaina, Kilauea, Kailua, Naeapoopoo and Hookeia; 5 p. m.
Schr. Concord, Mana, for Paauilo; 5 p. m.

Saturday, January 4.

S. S. Gaelic, Hamilton, for San Francisco; 8 a. m.
S. S. Coptic, Rinder, for the Orient; 4 p. m.
Schr. Kawailani, for Koolau ports; 5 p. m.
Str. J. A. Cummings, for Waimanalo and Koolau ports; 12 m.

Sunday, January 5.

Str. Kaena, for Pearl Harbor.

Monday, January 6.

Br. sp. Lord Shaftesbury, Hendrickson, for Portland; 11:30 a. m.
Str. Lenua, Napala, for Molokai ports; 5 p. m.
Schr. Kawailani, for Koolau ports; 10 a. m.
Schr. Malolo, for Hanalei and Kailua; 5 p. m.
Schr. Alice Kimball, for Waimoa, Kaula; 4 p. m.
Str. J. A. Cummings, for Oahu ports; 8 a. m.
Str. James Maher, Tullitt, for Hamamau, Ahukini, Kilauea, Kailua; 5 p. m.
Str. Waleale, Piltz, for Waimoa and Kilauea; 5 p. m.

KAILUA.

Arrived, January 1, Br. bk. Antiope, Murray, 19 days from Ladysmith, R. C., with coal; January 2, Am. schr. Stanley, Schwartz, 15 days from Eureka, with lumber.

Arrived, January 4, bk. W. B. Piltz, 13 days from San Francisco; really arrived January 2, 11 days, but on signals from shore, stood off and on waiting for room in the harbor, and was towed in January 4.

Departed, January 3, Am. schr. Mahila, Knudsen, for the Sound; Am. schr. S. T. Alexander, Johnson, for San Francisco.

Vessels in Port—Am. bk. Quickstep, Mellin, from Tacoma, lumber; Br. bk. Antiope, Murray, from Ladysmith, coal; Am. schr. Stanley, Schwartz, from Eureka, lumber.

Hilo Shipping.

Charters for Hilo—Am. schr. Allen A. Grays Harbor; bk. Ceylon, Port Gamble; schr. Defender, Port Gamble; Am. str. Enterprise, San Francisco; schr. Eva, Eureka; bk. Falls of Clyde, San Francisco; Am. schr. Othello, Eureka.

Vessels in Port—Am. bk. Amy Turner, Warland, master; Am. sp. Marion Chilcott, Nelson, master; Am. bk. Consul, Page, master; Am. schr. W. F. Witzmann, Daweritz, master; schr. O. M. Kellogg, Iverson, master; Am. bk. Martha Davis, McAllister, master; Am. bk. Annie Johnson, Williams, master.

Arrived—Dec. 27—Schr. O. M. Kellogg, Iverson, master; 18 days from Eureka, with ties and lumber for Hilo Railroad Company.

Dec. 29—Schr. Charles L. Woodbury, from Honolulu, with general merchandise.

Dec. 31—Bk. Martha Davis, McAllister, master; 12 days from San Francisco; general merchandise for H. Hackfeld & Co.

Dec. 31—Bk. Annie Johnson, Williams, master; 12 days from San Francisco; general merchandise for Matson Navigation Company.

Arrived—Jan. 1—Schr. Defender, Marsters, master; 23 days from Ludlow, with a cargo of lumber for H. Hackfeld & Co.

Jan. 1—Othello, Fjord, Bosch, master; 19 days from Eureka, with 25,000 feet redwood, 20,000 posts and 100,000 feet shingles for Hilo Mercantile Company.

CHINESE NEW YEAR'S PLANS

Chinese New Years will be celebrated on Friday, February 7, in the usual manner. The reception to be held in the rooms of the Chinese United Society of the Reformers, they having captured the society at the election held last week. The Reformers will extend the courtesies of the Chinese community to its friends at noon on the day of the celebration, a luncheon being one of the features. It is probable, also, that the Bow Weng Wai will hold a reception at its hall on Kukui street, at which orations will be delivered by a number of the best Chinese speakers in Honolulu. The receptions this year may not be on as elaborate a scale as last, owing to the stringent money market, but nothing will be spared to make the day one to be remembered.

Wray Taylor has received word from Delegate Wilcox that he has forwarded 2,000 packages of seeds to him for distribution. Wilcox writes that the former method of sending the seeds direct was not successful, as many of the packages were never opened.

Dr. Bowman is about to leave Honolulu to take up a permanent residence in San Francisco. Mrs. Bowman is already in that city. Dr. Bowman has been appointed examining physician for the Pacific Mutual Insurance Company, with headquarters in San Francisco.

FIRST IN NEW YEAR

The Supreme Court Will Sit Today.

(From Monday's daily.)

The Supreme Court will hold the first session of the new year this morning. The greatest number of cases to be heard at this session are appeals from the tax court, though the First Circuit will come in for a large share of attention. One of the cases set especially for today is that of H. R. Hitchcock vs. First Judge, First Circuit, mandamus to compel Humphreys to hear additional evidence in the Kamalo case, as ordered by the Supreme Court. All three justices will occupy the bench at this session, excepting in those cases where one of them is disqualified.

The following is the court calendar for the present term:

Kaplan vs. Lizzie K. Pauahi, appeal from Circuit Judge First Circuit, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, for plaintiff; Magoon & Thompson for defendant.

Territory of Hawaii vs. Wing Tung et al., appeal from District Court of Honolulu, Wise for defendants-appellant; Attorney General for appellee.

C. A. Brown vs. J. D. Spreckels et al., exceptions from Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit, Magoon & Thompson and Smith & Parsons, for plaintiff-appellant; Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, for defendant.

Richard T. Richard vs. Richard T. Richard, error to Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit, Fitch and Wise for plaintiff; Fitching for defendant.

Julia and Becky Hunt vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Peterson & Matthews for plaintiffs; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

M. Moorhead vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Estate of James Campbell vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Brown for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

John Puaia vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Mary A. Greene vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Brown for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

C. K. C. Rook vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Atkinson & Judd for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

M. S. Crinham & Co. Ltd. vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Hatch & Sullivan for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Estate of A. A. Doiron vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Kaplan Estate Ltd. vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

S. C. Allen vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Holmes & Stanley for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Antone Manuel vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

John H. Estate Ltd. vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

A. Hocking vs. Tax Assessor, appeal from Tax Appeal Court, First Division, Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

J. De Silva vs. F. J. Souza, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Vivas for plaintiff; De Bolt for defendant-appellant.

Frank Halstead vs. Tax Assessor, First Division, submission of cause. Hatch & Sullivan for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Kaplan Estate Ltd. vs. A. S. Clegg, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan for plaintiff-appellant; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Jonathan Shaw vs. C. W. Booth, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan for plaintiff-appellant; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Mary S. Keana vs. Kaohi et al., exceptions from Circuit Court, Second Circuit, Kaneoka and Creighton for plaintiff; Whiting & Robinson and Hons for defendants-appellant.

H. R. Hitchcock vs. Hawaiian Tramway Co., exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Dwyer and W. R. Castle, for plaintiff-appellant; De Bolt for defendant.

In the Matter of the Will of Nallmu Naohi, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Magoon & Thompson for proponent; Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan for contestants.

Asa Brown vs. Andrew Bamister, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Andrews, Peters & Andrade for plaintiff; De Bolt for defendant-appellant.

H. Hackfeld & Co. Ltd. vs. Hilo R. R. Co. Ltd., error to Circuit Court, Fourth Circuit, Wise for plaintiff in error; Hatch & Sullivan and Smith & Parsons for defendant in error.

C. Brown, Administrator, vs. The Equitable Life Assurance Society, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Whiting & Robinson for plaintiff; Hatch & Sullivan for defendant-appellant.

Sing Chong Co. vs. Lin Hop Wai Co., exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Brown and Hankey for plaintiff; Andrews, Peters & Andrade for defendant-appellant.

Frank Lillis vs. James Carty, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Peterson & Matthews for plaintiff-appellant; Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan for defendant.

C. H. Fairer vs. H. Hackfeld & Co., appeal from Judge, Fourth Circuit, Smith & Parsons for plaintiff; — for defendant-appellant.

1951 J. L. al vs. Jos. Clark et al., appeal from Judge, First Circuit, Andrews, Peters & Andrade for plaintiff; Russell & Watson for defendants-appellant.

Fred. Wundenberg vs. Geo. Markham, appeal from Judge, First Circuit, Magoon & Dillon for plaintiff-appellant; Davis for defendant.

In the Matter of M. E. Lennon, Attorney at Law, rule to show cause. Attorney General for the information.

H. R. Hitchcock et al. vs. First Judge, First Circuit Court, Magoon & Thompson, for plaintiff; Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, for defendant; Wilder and Hankey, contra. Lohana de Nubrega vs. Sylvia de Nubrega, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Davis for plaintiff; De Bolt for defendant-appellant.

Osaka Railway Co. vs. Tax Assessor, submission without action. Hatch & Sullivan for plaintiff; Robertson & Wilder for defendant.

Kau Ting Kee vs. Yim Yon, exceptions from Circuit Court, First Circuit, Russell & Watson for plaintiff-appellant; Magoon and Dillon for defendant.

H. F. Wichner vs. The Orpheum Co. Ltd., appeal from District Court, Honolulu, Russell & Watson for plaintiff; Kaunahu for defendant-appellant.

In the Matter of the Estate of R. W. Holt, appeal from Judge, First Circuit, Fitch for the heirs, contestants; Holmes & Stanley for defendant.

In re Guardianship of Kahu Kapukini, appeal from Judge, First Circuit, Magoon for the estate, appellant; Fitch for the ward, appellee.

THE PEARL HARBOR CASE.

The case of the United States vs. the Honolulu Plantation will be resumed in Federal court this morning if Juror L. F. Prescott has recovered sufficiently to continue sitting at the trial. If not, another postponement is likely, and unless the juror gives indication of a speedy recovery a new trial may be ordered.

IN CIRCUIT COURT.

An appeal has been taken in the Supreme Court from the ruling of Judge Humphrey denying the motion for a new trial in the case of Schnack et al.

The demurrer in the case of Kaulukua vs. Waiwale Co. was sustained. Miss Kathryn Wildfield has been appointed clerk in place of P. D. Kellett Jr.

FIND NEW LANDS IN WAIPIO VALLEY

HILO, January 3.—Circuit Court was opened by Judge Little yesterday and after the opening of the grand jury, court adjourned on respect to the late Johnson Niekus. Resolutions were adopted extolling the deceased very highly. Addresses were made by Judge Little, Chas. M. Leibold, F. M. Wakefield, Carl S. Smith, Thos. C. Hildway, John W. Cathcart, J. Castle Ridgway, C. F. Parsons and W. S. Wise.

In the estate of Johnson Niekus, P. Peck was appointed temporary administrator at the request of Mrs. Hauxhurst.

The will of Johnson Niekus has been placed on file with the Clerk of the Court. It was made in February, 1889, at Tacoma, Washington. It leaves the sum of \$500 to each of the daughters of the deceased and the remainder of the estate to the widow. Mrs. Niekus and two daughters are made administratrixes without bonds by the terms of the will.

THE NEW WAIPIO SURVEY.

Harold Cruzan, who has been engaged surveying Bishop estate lands in Waipio valley, is home for the holidays. Mr. Cruzan reports that according to the survey made by Mr. Tuttle the valley extends three miles further inland than is indicated on any map previously made. The falls which to all appearances were at the head of the valley are a considerable distance away and on a ridge distinct from those which form the north and south walls. The valley skirts around this ridge for a distance of several miles, gradually narrowing in width to about 150 yards. At the extreme end there is another falls, about 150 feet high from top to base. Extending on either side of the narrow strip of water, and at an elevation of 500 feet, are cliffs, the water having seemingly cut its way through the lava during the centuries it has coursed toward the sea.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Elder Johnson of Mormon church has arrived from Paganation and reports roads in a bad condition. He says that on Christmas eve the Paganation mill came near being washed away by the storm.

The ball and banquet at Hilo hotel New Year's evening was a very pleasant affair. Herr Berger furnished delightful music.

The Territorial band is giving nightly concerts which are well attended. Louis Kenake of Honolulu is here investigating postoffices on Hawaii. He goes from here to Puna and Kau.

C. O. Smith lectured on "A Trip to Japan" at the First Foreign church Monday evening. The stereoscopic views were explained by Rev. J. A. Cruzan.

The annual entertainment of the Sunday-school was given last Sunday at Hail church. Rev. S. L. Desha delivered the address.

A Japanese prisoner attempted to escape from the messroom at the jail Monday, but was discovered later in an empty room.

AN ATTACK OF PNEUMONIA WARDEN OFF.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest, and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions, and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years, and have never known it to fail," says Jas. Prendergast, merchant, Annette Bay, Jamaica, West India Islands.

The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly ward off by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold toward pneumonia. Sold by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

Libson has been suffering from a pest of rats, for which the general antidote of cats, traps and poison proved abortive. As a last resource bacilli were employed, and the municipal doctors were commissioned to inoculate some rats with an infection of the bacillus.

A suitable virus, harmless to man, was found, a few rats captured and inoculated, and then released. The experiment proved a great success, for the bacillus rapidly spread and the rats died with wonderful rapidity, so that in a very short time the city was free from the rodents. It is now proposed to clear the vessels from rats in the same way.—Scientific American.

THE MCKINLEY FUND.

We, the undersigned, give the amount opposite our names to the McKinley Memorial Fund:

KALAUPAPA, MOLOKAI.

J. K. Waimou \$2.00
Mrs. Emma Waimou 2.00
J. K. Waimou Jr. 1.00
The Sisters 1.00
W. Hume 1.00
John S. Wilmington 1.00
Samuel Kanoo65
W. J. Feary 2.00
Mrs. Emma Feary 1.00
Fred Feary 1.00
Kekani25
Keheloa45
Mokiani65

KALAWAO, MOLOKAI.

George Kanepa10
Annie McMillan10
Jas. Prosser15
Kalehua Pau10
Joseph Guerrero50
Ehu50
Nakeu50
Bernard Pahkapu 1.00
Sawwin Home Band 5.00
The Brothers 5.00
Emil Van Lal 2.00
Joseph Dutton 5.00
Subscriptions for each, so signers can get the certificates \$45

Amount of check by Joseph Dutton.

H. A. Jaeger, Elele, Kaula \$20.00
J. I. Silva, P. M. Elele 10.00
Dr. W. J. Goodhue, Elele, Kaula 5.00
A. M. Wallace Hanapepe 2.00
M. A. Rego, P. M., Koloa, Kaula 1.00
W. Whittington, Elele, Kaula 1.00
P. Brittain, Elele, Kaula 1.00
Thomas R. Neal, Elele, Kaula 1.00
John Nevin, Elele, Kaula 1.00
J. O'Connell, Elele, Kaula 1.00
C. B. Hofgaard, Waimoa, Kaula 1.00
Ernest W. Russell, Koloa, Kaula 2.00
Henry Blake Koloa, Kaula 1.00
Fred Schmidt, Elele, Kaula 4.00
Chas. A. Krohn, Elele, Kaula 5.00
J. C. Moura, Elele, Kaula 2.00
Manoel Silva Dionizio, Elele, Kaula 1.00
James A. McDonald, Elele, Kaula 2.00
D. K. Beecher, Elele, Kaula 2.00
A. McKenzie, Honolulu 1.00
W. O. Crowell, Koloa, Kaula 1.00
Charles W. McLeod, Elele, Kaula 5.00
Wm. Stodart, Elele, Kaula 10.00
L. P. Sternemann, Elele, Kaula 2.00
J. P. McKechnie, Elele, Kaula 2.00
H. F. May, Elele, Kaula 2.00
R. L. Gilliam, Elele, Kaula 1.00
L. L. Mann, Elele, Kaula 1.00
R. A. Holt, Elele, Kaula 1.00
J. W. Smith, Elele, Kaula 2.00
H. D. Moler, Elele, Kaula 2.00
E. E. McKendle, Elele, Kaula 2.00
L. Weinheimer, Elele, Kaula 2.00
O. C. Wharton, Elele, Kaula 2.00
P. P. Hochford, Elele, Kaula 1.00
H. Heye, Elele, Kaula 1.00
I. H. Hole, Elele, Kaula 1.00
Walter A. Wright, Waimoa, Kaula 2.00
H. C. Halverson, Waimoa, Kaula 2.00
John Andrech, Makaweli 1.00

Remitted by J. J. Silva, Dec. 27, 1901.

GRINDING AT OLAA MILL

OLAA, Jan. 3.—The Olaa Sugar Company's mill is grinding steadily. The sugar shows a polarization of from 97 to 98. The first shipment of sugar will be made on the Marion Chilcott, which is now at Hilo.

Harry Wickes, formerly chief engineer at Honokaa, has been appointed to a similar position at Olaa, Mr. Bonner having retired.

The sugar company is getting its cane cut for 25 cents a ton, a price somewhat lower than the regular rate, as result of the clean fields and heavy cane.

The Olaa Sugar Company has resumed planting at 14½ miles, getting fine top seed from fields being cut at 10 miles.

Porto Ricans are proving themselves fine cane cutters—1,000 feet in seventy ton cane is not an unusual record.

The closing exercises and Christmas tree at the Nine Mile school, under the supervision of Miss Ward, the principal, was a huge success. Fully one-third of the children are Porto Ricans, and this was their first acquaintance with Santa Claus. Their amazement and delight were unbounded. Mr. Jas. Scott made a creditable St. Nick.

For Local Inspector.

It is said that an effort will be made in Congress to have a resident inspector of hulls and boilers appointed for Honolulu. If this is done, the inspection of hulls and boilers will be made by a man on the spot. As things are at present it is necessary to wait for the visit of the inspectors from San Francisco. Local parties interested in the shipping of this port is of sufficient importance to warrant the creation of the position of Territorial inspector of hulls and boilers.

Auction Sale of Delinquent Sugar Stock.

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1902, at 12 o'clock noon, at my salesroom, 65 Queen street, Honolulu, I will sell at public auction by order of the Treasurer, Mr. Elmer E. Paxton, the following certificates of stock in the Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd., unless the eighteenth assessment, delinquent December 21, with interest and advertising expenses is paid on or before the day and hour of sale at the offices of the B. F. Dillingham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building, Honolulu:

Certs. Name. Shares.
207 W. L. Wilcox 50
696 Marion Waterhouse 15
697 Margaret Waterhouse 15
951 O. Ormstead 250
1025 Louis S. Gear 25
1267 W. L. Howard, Trustee 10
1443 Mrs. E. L. Crabbe 10
1430 Mrs. S. L. Williams 25
1521 E. J. Taylor 50
1550 Joe Keakaliwa 5
1551 J. L. Wheeler Jr. 1
1557 A. L. Andrews 1
1960 H. McKechnie 1

ELMER E. PAXTON, Treasurer.

Honolulu, December 20, 1901.

JAS. F. MORGAN, AUCTIONEER.

NOTIONS At Prices which will be Attractive to every Woman.

Mail Order Department for those living out of Honolulu.

Feather-stitch Braid, 6 yards in piece, per piece, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 cents.

Shell Hairpins, in boxes of a dozen, 25 cents per box.

American Hairpin Cabinets, 5 cents each.

Warren's Featherbone Collar Forms, 25 cents each.

Wood Darning Balls, 5 cents each; with sterling silver mounting, 25 cents each.

Spool Basting Cotton, 200 yards, warranted, two for 5 cents.

Tresure Safety Pins, equal to the best imported, 5 cents per dozen.

Garter Webbing, pure elastic, 10, 12½, 15, 20, 25 cents per yard.

Emery Balls, needed to take rust off your needles, 6 cents each.

English Hairpin Cabinets, very fine quality pins, 10 cents each.

Stay Lock Pins, very pretty shell, 10 cents each.

Darning Cotton, Coats' fast black, 5 cents a ball.

Improved Darning Ball, with spring attachment, 25 cents.

Curling Irons, 15 cents each.

Barbour's Irish Linen Thread, 200 yards, 10 cents.

Aluminum Thimbles, 10 cents each.

"The Comfort" Corset Hose Supporters, 25 cents per pair.

WHITNEY & MARSH, Limited.
Mail Order Dept. Box 171, Honolulu, Oahu.

Honest Wear for the Money
Is what every Shoe Buyer Wants and Expects.

That is What We Always Give You.
Every Shoe in our Store is selected with a view to obtain the Very Best.

So it Makes no Difference
What priced shoe you buy from us
—you can depend on having your
MONEY'S WORTH.

Pleasing Styles, Pleasing Wear at Pleasing Prices
is What Pleases Our Trade.

MANUFACTURERS' SHOE CO.

HONOLULU
Brewing and Malting Comp'y, Ltd.

Primo Lager
HOME PRODUCTION

Draught and Bottled Beer Delivered on and after
MONDAY, JULY 1st, 1901

Island Orders Promptly Filled.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.
Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1½d, 2s 9d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

LESLIE HOME BURNED.
Fire Early Yesterday Morning Destroys Palama Residence.

The Leslie residence in Palama, near the Kamehameha School, was almost totally destroyed by fire early yesterday morning.

The fire started from the bedroom occupied by Lieutenant Sam Leslie, who had been reading while lying in bed.

In some unknown manner the mosquito netting on the bed was ignited from the lamp, and the fire was communicated to the woodwork before Leslie could extinguish it. The nearest water is nearly half a mile away, and the building was past saving before the fire department arrived. Seeing how hopeless the attempt to stay the progress of the flames was, the Leslie boys confined themselves to saving what furniture they could.

The loss was almost total, and will amount to several thousand dollars. It

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